
Environmental and Social Screening Report

May, 2021

Project ID: P154990

Construction of Two-Room Modular Type School Block & Allied Infrastructure at Govt. Girls Middle School, Dhara - Jaranwali Gali, Balakote (District Poonch).

Jehlum Tawi Flood Recovery Project

Prepared by: PIU PW (R&B) Department, Government of Jammu and Kashmir for World Bank

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. The devastating deluge of September 2014 had enormous negative impact on economic aspects of the state and massive infrastructure damaged in which not only the major town but far flung area were also affected adversely. In response to this tragedy, a mission of the World Bank visited the state during February 1-6, 2015 in order to produce a rapid multi-sectoral assessment report of the damages and needs. The RDNA estimates the total damages and loss caused by floods at about INR 211,975 million (US\$ 3,550.45), most of it to housing, livelihoods, and roads and bridges, which combined represented more than 70% of the damages in terms of value. Public service infrastructure and equipment of hospitals and education centers were also severely damaged and are still not fully operational.
2. Based on the RDNA results, restoration works underway, and discussions with the GoJ&K, "Jhelum and Tawi Flood Disaster Recovery Project (JTFRP)" will focus on restoring critical infrastructure using international best practice on resilient infrastructure. One of the sectors badly hit during the floods was School Education Infrastructures. The restoration/reconstruction of these damaged schools has been included in Component-1 of the World Bank investment plan of INR 5043.75 Lacs under JTFRP. One of the schools identified to be constructed under this component *is Govt. Girls Middle School Dhara, Jaran wali Gali*, District-Poonch situated at a distance of 25.00 Kms east of town headquarters of Tehsil Mendhar. This school has been identified among severely affected by 2014 floods. The existing school complex was affected during the incessant rains in September-2014 causing partial damage to some of its rooms.
3. The report submitted by the Tehsildar Mendhar (Tehsil) to the Assistant Executive Engineer, PWD (Mendhar), vide letter number Teh/mdr/OQ/2021/96 dated 20.04.2021, confirmed that GMS, Dhara, Jaran wali Gali has possession of 01 kanal and 01 Marla of land which falls under the khasra number 469 and 309 respectively. The report also confirms that school is functional since 1987. The revenue record confirms that land under khasra number 469 and 309 is gair mumkin forest type of land.
4. Subprojects under "Jhelum and Tawi Flood Recovery Project" have a prior requirement of screening which is based on three categories; viz., nature of the project, size of the project and location of the project that is sensitive area criteria. The objective of Environment and social screening is to identify the potentially

significant environmental/ social issues of the sub-project at an early stage for detailed Environmental and Social impacts studies.

5. Public consultation was conducted at the project location on 22 July, 2018 with local people as part of environment and social screening study. People have expressed keen interest in the proposed subproject during the Public consultation. People in general were very enthusiastic about the benefits of the subproject. The Views, Suggestions and specific needs of School as expressed by teachers, citizens of the area during public interactions have been considered in framing the proposals for reconstruction of school building.
6. The screening study reveals that there are no likely significant Environmental and adverse social impacts of the sub-project.

1. Introduction

1.1 Project Background

1. The Jammu & Kashmir region owing to its geographical and geo-climatic setting is a multi-hazard prone region that has experienced natural disasters like earthquakes, floods, landslides, avalanches, high velocity winds, and snowstorms. Floods and flash floods is a frequent feature owing to topographical characteristics of the region. Floods generally occur between late June to September when the major rivers are already swollen with melting snow and followed by heavy rains. Flooding of the rivers Jhelum and Tawi and their tributaries is the main cause of floods in the region. The rain fed rivulets and streams pose much bigger threat to its surroundings in rainy season as compared to bigger rivers due to lesser water carrying capacity and tendency to breach the banks.
2. In September 2014, the northern region of India experienced unprecedented torrential monsoon rains causing major flooding in rivers and mainland. It triggered massive landslides, washing away of bridges, roads, buildings and irrigation canals etc. The continuous spell of rains from September 2nd to 6th, 2014, caused Jhelum, Chenab and Tawi Rivers as well as many other streams/tributaries to flow much above the danger mark. The Jammu district received 467.3mm of rainfall in Sept 2014, which exceeds normal by 339%. Similarly Udhampur District received 582.1mm of rainfall which is 165% in excess of the normal (source-Indian Meteorological department website). The Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) records precipitation above 244.4 mm as extremely heavy rainfall, and J&K received 558mm of rain in the June- September period, as against the normal 477.4 mm.
3. A Joint team led by the Department of Economic Affairs (DEA), GoI, with representation from the World Bank visited J&K on October 21, 2014. Subsequently, GoI has sent a request to the World Bank on January 5, 2015 to field a Joint Rapid Damage and Needs Assessment (RDNA) Mission within the State. In response, a mission of the World Bank visited the state during February 1-6, 2015 in order to produce a rapid multi-sectoral assessment report of the damages and needs. The RDNA estimates the total damages and loss caused by floods at about INR 211,975 million (US\$ 3,550.45), most of it to housing, livelihoods, and roads and bridges, which combined represented more than 70% of the damages in terms of value. Public service infrastructure and equipment of hospitals and education centres were also severely damaged and are still not fully

operational.

4. Based on the RDNA results, restoration works underway, and discussions with the GoJ&K, the project will focus on restoring critical infrastructure using international best practices on resilient infrastructure. Given the state's vulnerability to both floods and earthquakes, the infrastructure will be designed with upgraded resilient features, and will include contingency planning for future disaster events. Therefore, the project aims at both restoring essential services disrupted by the floods and improving the design standard and practices in the state to increase resilience.
5. The project is comprised of the following seven components:
 - i. Reconstruction and strengthening of critical infrastructure (US\$60 million)
 - ii. Reconstruction of roads and bridges (US\$80 million)
 - iii. Restoration of urban flood management infrastructure (US\$50 million)
 - iv. Strengthening and restoration of livelihoods (US\$15 million)
 - v. Strengthening disaster risk management capacity (US\$25 million)
 - vi. Contingent Emergency Response (US\$0 million)
 - vii. Implementation Support (US\$20 million)

1.2 Project Development Objective

6. The project development objective is to support the recovery and increase disaster resilience in project areas, and increase the capacity of the Project Implementing Entity to respond promptly and effectively to an eligible crisis or emergency. The primary beneficiaries would be the communities in the districts that were affected by loss of public service infrastructure that will be restored and improved under the project. By strengthening disaster risk management systems and institutions, the project will benefit the entire affected region.

1.3 Sub-Project Background

7. Under the Component-1 of the Jhelum-Tawi Flood Recovery Project (JTFRP) which envisages reconstruction and strengthening of critical infrastructure severely affected by the floods in September- 2014, viz. School Buildings, Hospitals, Fire Stations and other important public assets. The scope of the work broadly includes restoration of partially damaged structures and reconstruction of fully damaged structures together with the restoration of equipment and furniture in the school complexes comprising primary,

middle and higher secondary schools. The proposal includes construction of 2-Rooms, 3-Rooms, 4-Rooms and 6-Rooms buildings with tentative areas of 1000 Sft, 1500 Sft, 2000 Sft and 3000 Sft respectively.

1.4 Sub-Project Description

8. The Government Girls Middle School at Dhara Jaranwali Gali is situated at a distance of 25.00 Kms east of town headquarters of Tehsil Mendhar having close proximity with Tehsil Surankote. This school has been identified among 74 Nos. such schools in Jammu Province severely affected by 2014 floods. The existing school complex was damaged due to incessant rains experienced by the sub-region during the in September -2014. The existing school building was constructed on a piece of state land of revenue village Jaranwali Gali allocated to school. Sufficient state land is available for construction of new proposed building under JTFRP. The geographical location of this school is defined as Latitude: 33° 36'52.40"N and Longitude 74° 15' 13.42" E. The GIS location map is annexed as annexure D.
9. Jaranwali Gali (Dhara) village is an entirely hilly area and characterized by medium to steep slopes. It is situated and spread on the on the top of the hill, with small catchment area. It is predominantly surrounded by thick forests. The area has normal agriculture activities with maize and wheat as predominant crops. The area has a Dendritic Drainage Pattern. There are several small rains fed streams/rivulets in the entire Jaranwali Gali, which are the tributaries of Gursai Nallah. These streams are characterized by frequent flash floods in the monsoon season due to steep slopes.
10. The school is currently having 17 students and 04 rooms (02 classrooms, 010 office room and 01 kitchen shed). It consists of two blocks, one old single-story made up stone masonry having CGI Roof and front verandah. It is in a dilapidated condition. Another three class room block is new one made up of brick masonry with RCC roof. There is no boundary wall / compound wall. The proposal under consideration is to construct a two room Single Story RCC framed structure (size-7.5m x 5.6m each) with Veranda / corridor 2.5 m wide having stairs and a ramp. Proposed plinth/floor levels are kept safely above HFL (0.75 m above ground level). The provision has been kept for electrification of school building & toilet blocks along with firefighting equipments, Construction of Toilet Block with Septic Tank and Soakpit and construction of a sump tank for Rainwater Harvesting.

1.5 Objective of the Environmental and Social Screening

11. Environmental and Social screening procedure aims to provide project developers with a set of tools and guidelines that enables to identify and manage environmental and social risks that could be associated with a proposed project. The environment and social screening for the sub-project has been carried out at the site by making use of an Environment and Social Screening Checklist that contain the relevant questions for identification of anticipated environment and social impacts due to execution of the sub-project (appendix A). The aspect of screening focuses on the possible environmental and social costs of development and may highlight the need for environmental/social review and management. As a consequence, the outcome of the screening process leads to an enhanced environmental and social sustainability of a proposed project.
12. The Jhelum and Tawi Flood Recovery Project has been undertaken with the prime objective of a long term and disaster resilient redevelopment in project areas of J&K state with diverse and ecologically sensitive topography. The screening process, therefore, will help to quickly identify those projects where no potential environmental and social issues exist, so that only those with potential environmental and social implications will undergo a more detailed and rigorous screening and thus will support design and implementation of the quality projects in a timely manner.

2. Environmental and Social Findings

2.1 Environmental Issues

13. The proposed reconstruction at Government Middle School Dhara, Jaranwali Gali is of extremely low magnitude involving low scale construction activities. Therefore, prima facie no environmental impact of significant or irreversible nature appears to occur. If there are any environmental impacts during the period of construction of school, these shall be insignificant, temporary, and limited to the confines of the school complex and its immediate surroundings. The impacts of such nature would be mitigated suitably by adopting appropriate construction practices and management during the execution of the sub-project. Utmost attention will given to the development of the sound Environmental Management Plan which will provide specific actions deemed necessary to assist in mitigating the environmental impacts, guide the environmentally-sound

execution of the sub-project, and ensure efficient lines of communication between the implementing agency, project management unit and contractors. The EMP shall be included in the bid document as a mandatory contractual clause and will be reviewed periodically to ensure environmentally sound execution of the proposed sub-project.

14. Although the proposed site has forest areas within 1 km, yet no significant impacts are deemed during the execution of the construction. There are also no constraints either on account of environmental sensitivity of areas like wildlife areas, areas with threatened or endangered endemic species etc. due to nonexistence of such areas around the project site.

2.2 Social Issues

2.2.1 Issue of Land Acquisition

15. During screening exercise, it was found that existing school which is functional since 1987, have sufficient land to accommodate the proposed sub-project. Therefore, no additional land needs to be acquired for the sub-project. The evaluation of revenue record (annexure B) and other reports received from the revenue department revealed that the existing school was constructed on the government land in 1987. Tehsildar Mendhar (Tehsil) submitted a report to the Assistant Executive Engineer, PWD (Mendhar), vide letter number Teh/mdr/OQ/2021/96 dated 20.04.2021, in which it is confirmed that GMS, Dhara, Jaran wali Gali has possession of 01 kanal and 01 Marla of government land which falls under the khasra number 469 and 309 respectively. There is about 31535.0079 m² and 37879.1707 m² under khasra number 309 and 469 respectively.
16. Revenue department submitted two reports pertaining to the school, in the first report, there were certain anomalies, which later on corrected by the Tehsildar. Both the report has been annexed as annexure appendix C and D.

2.2.2 Public Consultation

17. Discussions involving the staff of Government Middle School, Dhara Jaran wali Gali and local inhabitants have been organized in the proposed school site on 22July, 2018. The participants were apprised of the need of the public consultation and feedback mechanism in the development process in general and particularly in the backdrop of the sub-project under JTFRP. The background of the JTFRP with its objectives and social policy, its assistance & funding from the World Bank, and project implementation

was discussed briefly. They were shown proposed drawings and various components of the proposed plan with its merits.

Consultation Summary

- Proposed reconstruction plan of the school.
- Mandatory requirement of Environmental & Social screening and how it would benefit the communities in the long run.
- Adverse direct or indirect impacts caused due to construction activities and mitigation measures through EMP.
- Aspect of environmental protection and conservation with respect to environmentally sensitive areas along with historical, cultural or religious monuments in the proximity of the school complex.
- Whether any loss of business/livelihood could occur in the community during course of construction.
- Grievance Redressal System.

Outcome and suggestions received from the Public Consultation

18. The meeting evoked overwhelming response from the school staff/students as well as local inhabitants who appreciated the proposed development initiative through the sub-project under JTFRP for up gradation of school infrastructure in Dhara Jaranwali Gali village. The participants assured of extending their full support during the course of project implementation, and firmly believed that the long term benefits to the village far outweigh the short term impacts or inconvenience caused during the construction stage of the proposed plan.

Annexure A: Environment and Social Screening

Part A: General Information

Name of the sub-project	Construction of two room modular type school block & allied infrastructure at Govt. Middle School, Dhara Jaranwali Gali, Balakote, District Poonch.	
1. Type of proposed activity (tick the applicable option and provide details)		
• Road		-
• Bridge		-
• Fire Station		-
• Hospital/Health Facility		-
• Educational Institute	√	MIDDLE SCHOOL
• Building for Livelihoods		-
• Flood InfrastructureRelated		-
• Other PublicBuilding		-.
• Any Other (PleaseSpecify)		-
2. Location of the proposed sub-project		
• Name of theRegion	JAMMU & KASHMIR	
• Name of theDistrict	POONCH	
• Name of theBlock	BALAKOTE	
• Name of theSettlement	DHARA (JW GALI)	
• Latitude	33° 36' 52.40" N	
• Longitude	74° 15' 13.42" E	
3. Proposed Nature of Work (tick the applicable options)		
• MinorRepairs	-	
• MajorRepairs/Rehabilitation	-	

• Upgrading/MajorImprovement	-
• Expansion of thefacility	-
• New Construction	✓

• Any Other	-
4. Size of the sub-project (approx. area in sq. mt/hac or length in mt/km, as relevant)	201 sq. mts
5. Land Requirement (in hac./sq.mt.)	
• Total Requirement	201 m ²
• PrivateLand	Nil
• Govt.Land	505 m ² and 272 sft of Government land is available inside the existing school which was established in 1987.
• ForestLand	Nil
6. Implementing Agency Details (sub-project level)	
• Name of the Department/Agency	PIU - R&B Department, PWD Division Poonch, (Under JTFRP)
• Name of the contact person	ER. S.S.ANDHI
• Designation	EXECUTIVE ENGINEER
• Contact Number	01965220168/+918492018866
• E-mail Id	pwdpoonch@gmail.com
7. Screening Exercise Details	
• Date on which it was carriedout	22-12- 2018
• Name of thePerson	Vikash Sharma/ Charanjeet Singh
• ContactNumber	+919419125803, +91 9419893392
• E-mailId	sharmasociologist@gmail.com , jcharan.sim@gmail.com

Part B (1): Environment Screening

Question	Yes	No	Details
1. Is the sub-project located in whole or part within 1 km of the following environmentally sensitive areas?			
a. Biosphere Reserve		No	-
b. National Park		No	
c. Wildlife/Bird Sanctuary		No	-
d. Wildlife/Bird Reserve		No	-
e. Important Bird Areas(IBAs)		No	-
f. Habitat of migratory birds (outside protected areas)		No	-
g. Breeding/Foraging/Migratory route of Wild Animals (outside protected areas)		No	-
h. Area with threatened/rare/ endangered fauna (outside protected areas)		No	-
i. Area with threatened/rare/ endangered flora (outside protected areas)		No	-
j. Reserved/Protected Forest		No	-
k. Other category of Forest	Yes		600 m approx. from

			the School site.
l. Wetland		No	
m. Natural Lakes		No	
n. Rivers/Streams	Yes		Seasonal nallah, 200 Mtr from sub project site.
o. Swamps/Mudflats		No	-
p. Zoological Park		No	-
q. Botanical Garden		No	
2. Is the sub-project located in whole or part within 500 Mtr. of any of the following sensitive features?			
a. World Heritage Sites		No	-
b. Archaeological monuments/sites (under ASI central/state list)		No	-
c. Historic Places/Monuments/ Buildings/Other Assets(not listed under ASI list but considered locally important or carry a sentimental value)		No	-
d. Religious Places (regionally or locally important)		No	-
e. Reservoirs/Dams		No	-
f. Canals		No	-

g. Public Water Supply Areas from Rivers/Surface Water Bodies/ Ground Water Sources		No	
3. What is the High Flood Level in the sub-project area?	0.45 Mtr. from NSL (Average of Level difference from NSL during Sept-2014 floods.		
4. Is any scheduled/protected tree like Chinar, Mulberry or Deodar likely to be affected/ cut due to the project?		No	
5. Is the sub-project located in a landslide/heavy erosion prone area or affected by such a problem?		No	
6. Is sub-project located in an area that faces water paucity or water quality issues?		No	

Part B (2): Result/Outcome of Environmental Screening Exercise

1.	Environment Impact Assessment Required	No
2.	Environment Clearance Required	No
3.	Forest land Clearance/Diversion Required	No
4.	Tree Cutting Permission Required	No
5.	ASI (Centre/State) Permission Required	No

6.	Permission from ULB/Local Body/Department Required	Yes
7.	Any other clearance/permission required	No

Part C (1): Social Screening

1. Does the sub-project activity require acquisition of land?			
		No	
Give the following details:	Private Land (sqmts/hac.)	-	
	Govt. Land (sqmts/hac.)	Sub-project is proposed inside the existing school premises which was constructed in 1987 on govt. land	
	Forest Land (sqmts/hac.)	-	
2. Does the proposed sub-project activity result in demolition/removal of			
No			-
If so, give the following details:			
• Number of public structures /buildings	NIL		
• Number of common property resources (such as religious/cultural/ drinking water/wells/etc.)	NIL		
• Number of private structures (located on private or public land)	NIL		

3. Does the proposed project activity result in loss of crops/trees?			
		No	
4. Does the proposed Project activity result in loss of direct livelihood/ employment?			
		No	
5. Does the proposed activity result in loss of community forest/pastures on which nearby residents/local population are dependent?			
		No	
If yes, give the details of the extent of area to be lost (in acres/hac).		-	
6. Does the proposed Project activity affect scheduled tribe/caste communities?			
		No	

Part C (2): Result/Outcome of Social Screening Exercise

S.No	Result/Outcome	Outcome
1.	Answer to all the questions is 'No'	No SIA/RAP required
2.	Answer to any question is 'Yes' and the sub-project does not affect more than 200 people (i.e. either complete or partial loss of assets and/or livelihood)	NIL
3.	Answer to any question is 'Yes' and the sub-project affects more than 200 people (i.e. either complete or partial loss of assets and/or livelihood)	NIL

Outcome

- The sub-project does not involve land acquisition, diversion of forest land, destruction of ecological resources, displacement of people, demolition or removal of structures, loss of crops /trees, loss of employment / livelihood and does not affect tribal/caste communities; hence no EIA/SIA/RAP is required.

Annexure B: Revenue Record in (Urdu)

(3)

نقل خسرہ لرداوری بابت موضع تحصیل ضلع پونچھ

۱	۲	۳	۴	۵	۶
نمبر شمار	نام مالک منہ احوال	نام کاشتکار منہ احوال	رقبہ کنال مزلہ	قسم زمین	جنس انتقالات حسید
۳۰۹	سرکار	نار عام	۵	نرنا گھیل	کاشت ولگان
۳۹۹	سرکار	دقیقہ سرکار	۱۹	نرنا گھیل	کاشت ولگان

(نقل خسرہ لرداوری بابت موضع تحصیل ضلع پونچھ)

Mukhtar Ali Shah Farwani
Pajwar Hujra

Revenue Record (in English)

JARAN WALI GALT MENDHAR.					MENDHAR DISTT Poonch	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
S.No-	Name of the Owner with detail	Name of the cultivation with detail	Area. Kanal Marla	Kind of land	Status	Details of mutation Kharif.
389.	Govt	Shara Lam	7 Kanal 5 marlas			Ghar Mumken Forest 7 Gah1
469	Govt	In the possession of Govt	74 Kanal 19 marlas			Ghar Mumken Forest 75 Forest.

Note:- copy are true and correct.

sd/

 True Copy Attested
NOTARY PUBLIC
MENDHAR (Poonch)

Annexure C: Revenue Report of Tehsildar Mendhar (Report 1)

①

OFFICE OF THE TEHSILDAR MENDHAR (POONCH)
Tel. No. 01965-226136 Fax No. 01965-226136 E-Mail:- tehsildarmendhar2019@gmail.com

The Assistant Executive Engineer PWD (R&B)
Mendhar.

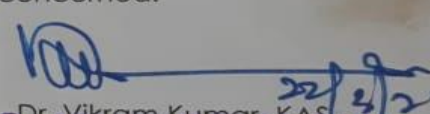
No: OQ/927-29 Dated: 22-03-2021

Subject: **Revenue extract of Govt. MS Dhara, Jaran Wali Gali-Present Status.**

Sir,

In reference to your letter No:- 439/AEE/R&B/Mdr dated 25-02-2021 regarding above mentioned subject, the Naib Tehsildar Bhatadthurian vide No:- NTBD/227 dated 17-03-2021 (Copy enclosed) has submitted that the GMS, Dhara, Jaranwali gali has possession of 01 Kanal 01 Marla of land comprising of Kharra No. 359 (01Marla) and Khasra No. 360 (01Kanal). The school building comprising of 04 (Four) rooms (02 classrooms, 01 Office room & one kitchen shed) with total enrolment of 17 students and as per letter No:- ZEO/BKT/440-41 dated 08-03-2021 of the ZEO Balakote the school is functioning since 1987 (Copy enclosed).

The revenue record (Tamima) and extract revenue record is enclosed along with the report of NT and ZEO concerned.

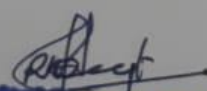

Dr. Vikram Kumar, KAS
Tehsildar Mendhar

Copy for information to the :-

1. Chief Education Officer Poonch.
2. Naib Tehsil Bhatadthurian.

I.O. to Tehsildar, Mendhar with the request to incorporate / (mismatches to be checked) and issue the same afresh.

04/AEE/R&B/MOR.
9/04/2021


Assistant Executive Engineer
PWD (R&B) Sub. Division
Mendhar

OQ/11
09/4

Annexure D: Revenue Report of Tehsildar Mendhar (Report 2)

⑦

OFFICE OF THE TEHSILDAR MENAHDAR (POONCH)

The Assistant Executive Engineer PWD (R&B)
Mendhar.

No:- Teh/MDR/OQ/2021/96

Dated:- 20-4-2021

Subject:- Revenue Extract of Govt. M.S Dhara, Jaranwali Gali-Present Status.

Sir,

In continuation to this Office letter No: OQ/927-29 dated 22-03-2021 and in reference to your office letter No: 04/AEE/R&B/MDR dated 09-04-2021, please read Khasra Nos as 309 (01Marla) instead of 359 and 469 (01Kanal) instead of 360. The other contents of the report already communicated are same.

Encls: 05 LVS

Yours Sincerely,


Dr. Vikram Kumar, KAS
Tehsildar Mendhar

Copy for information to the:-

1. Chief Education Officer Poonch.
2. Naib Tehsildar Bhatadhaurian.

Appendix-E : Public Consultation (11.8.2018)



Signature Sheets

APPENDIX A-4: LIST OF STAKE HOLDERS WITH THEIR SIGNATURES

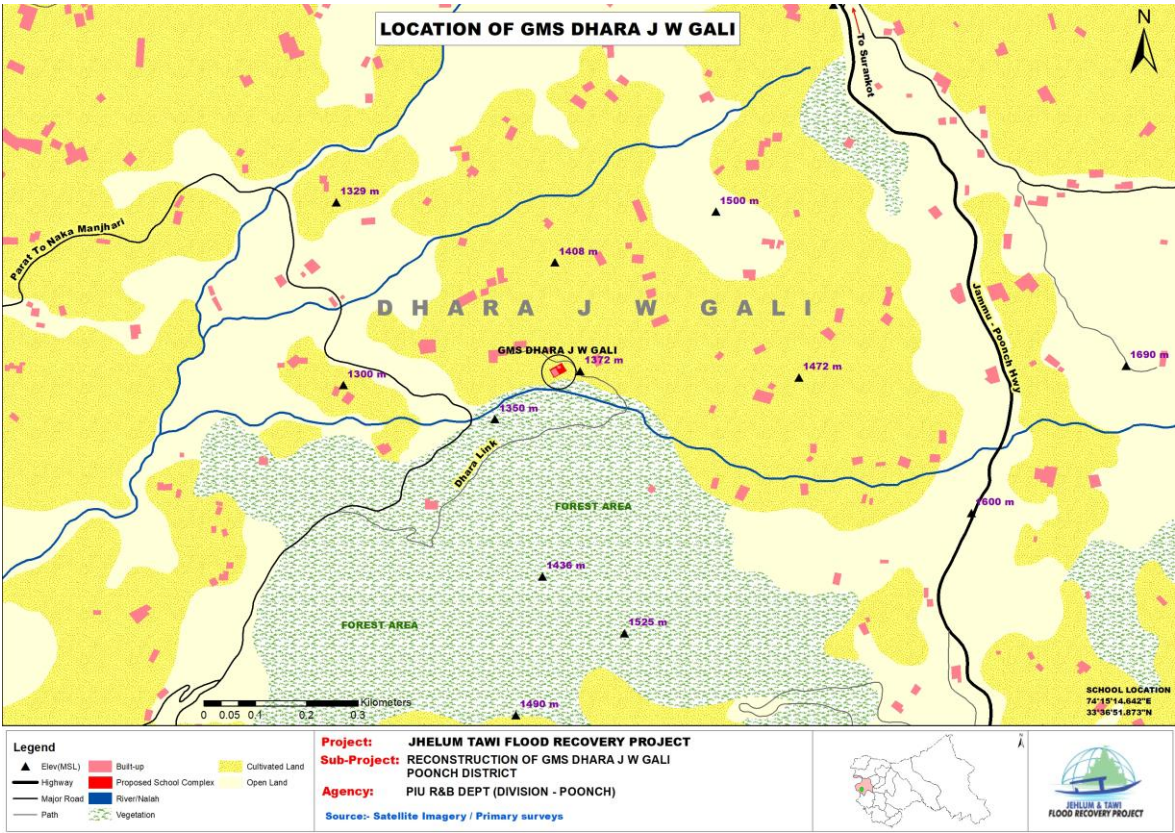
JEHLUM TAWI FLOOD RECOVERY PROJECT (JTFRP)
GOVERNMENT OF JAMMU & KASHMIR

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS IN PUBLIC CONSULTATION WITH SIGNATURES:

SUB-PROJECT NAME: - Middle School Dhawa Jaran wali Gali
LOCATION OF MEETING / CONSULTATION: School ground.
DATE AND TIME: 11-8-2018

Sr No	Name	Age/Sex	Occupation	Address	Signature
1	Haji NAZIR HUSSAIN SARPANCH.	M.	Ex-Sarpanch	Jaran wali Gali	
2	Haji MU HUSSAIN Naib Sarpanch.	M.	Naib Sarpanch	Jaran wali Gali	
3	Mohd Akram.	M.	Agriculture	Jaran wali Gali	M. Akram
4	Naseem Akhtar Panch.	F	Panch	"	
5	ZAFFAR IQBAL.	M.	Agg.	"	
6	Hakim Din	M.	"		Hakim Din
7	Mohd Shabir (Shabir)	M.	"		Shabir
8	Mohd Saghar.	M	"		
9	Ab. Majeed	M	"		Ab. Majeed
10	NAGAR HUSSAIN	M.	"		Nagar Hussain
11	Mohd Safer.		"		Mohd. Safer
12	Waqar Ahmad	M	"		18/1/59
13	Maqsood Ahmad	M.	"		H. Safer

Appendix-F: Geographical Location of Village Dhara Jaranwali Gali in Poonch



Photographs of Government Middle School Dhara Jw Gali



