Social Impact Assessment (SIA) Report

January: 2023 Project ID: P154990
Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over KatheelGanjoo to Barsoa over GhordiNallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)
(Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project)
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1. The devastating deluge of September 2014 had enormous negative impact on economic aspects of the U.T (former state) and massive infrastructure damages in which not only the major town but far-flung areas were also affected. In response this tragedy, a mission of the World Bank visited the state during February 1-6, 2015, in order to produce a rapid multi-sectoral assessment report of the damages and needs. The RDNA estimates the total damages and loss caused by floods at about INR 211,975 million (US\$ 3,550.45), most of it to housing, livelihoods, and roads and bridges, which combined represented more than 70% of the damages in terms of value. Public service infrastructure and equipment of hospitals and education centers were also severely damaged and are still not fully operational.
- 2. Based on the RDNA results, restoration works underway, and discussions with the GoJ&K, "Jhelum and Tawi Flood Disaster Recovery Project (JTFRP)" will focus on restoring critical infrastructure using international best practice on resilient infrastructure. The objective of component 2 "Reconstruction of Roads and Bridges" is to restore and improve the connectivity disrupted due to the disaster through the reconstruction of damaged roads and bridges. The infrastructure will be designed to withstand earthquake and flood forces as per the latest official design guidelines. The affected areas will benefit from the restored access to the markets thereby increasing the economic growth in these areas and timely access to health and education services. Restoration of roads will also serve as supply/rescue lines in the event of a disaster. Under this component, one of the identified bridge subprojects is "Design and construction of 58.0 mtr span (2- Lane) motorable bridge from KatheelGanjoo to Barsoa over GhordiNallah and 50.0 mtr span (2-lane) motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over BarmeenNallah at Ramnagar in Udhampur District".
- 3. The required land has been donated by the landowners after taking decision in the Gram Panchayat meeting. The sub-project requires land from 4 (khasra numbers) land parcels from 16 families. Out of 24land parcels (khasra numbers), 13 land parcels belongs to 13 families (individual ownership), 04 land parcels belonging to 03 joint families (under joint ownership of 23 families). Out of the remaining 07 khasra numbers, 04 khasra numbers are under Shamilat deh/Makhbuza Malkan (Common land, ownership vest in Gram Panchayat), 01 is under Kacharai land (Grazing land) and 02 khasra numbers belongs to the government. The SIA envisaged that 16 families from two Panchayat (Kuh nallah and Katheel Ganjoo) have donated their land voluntarily. Out of 16 families, land of 13 families falls under individual ownership whereas that of 03 families under joint ownership. Land donation deeds of 13 families have been signed individually by the land owners whereas 03 land donation deeds have been signed jointly by 23 families.
- 4. Public consultation was conducted at the project location on 30.11.2018 and follow-up consultations were conducted on 20.06.2019, 20.06.2020 and 13.12.2022. The execution of the subproject do not have impact on any structures residential, commercial, religious or on any CPRs. All provisions of reporting, monitoring, and evaluations are detailed out in the SIA along with institutional arrangements, SMP implementation and grievance redressal mechanism. External Monitoring is the responsibility of the Technical Assistance and Quality Assurance Consultant.

CHAPTER 1. BACKGROUND & INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

- 5. During the first week of September 2014, the Jammu and Kashmir region witnessed devastating floods across the majority of its districts, caused by multi-day heavy rainfall events, causing major flooding and landslides. The worst affected districts are Srinagar, Anantnag, Udhampur, Pulwama, Ganderbal, Kulgam, Budgam, Rajouri, Udhampur and Reasi. As many as 60 major and minor roads have been cut off and over 30 bridges washed away. The preliminary assessment of property damage was estimated between INR 50,000 million to INR 60,000 million. Approximately 277 people died. The continuous spell of rains from September 2 to 6, 2014, caused Jhelum and Chenab Rivers as well as many other streams/tributaries to flow above the danger mark. Jammu and Kashmir experienced the worst floods in the past 60 years during the first week of September 2014. In many districts, the rainfall exceeded the normal by over 600%. The Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) records precipitation above 244.4 mm as extremely heavy rainfall, and J&K received 558 mm of rain in the June- September period, as against the normal 477.4 mm.
- 6. Based on the Rapid Damage Needs Assessment (RDNA) results, restoration works underway, and discussions with the GoJ&K UT, the project will focus on restoring critical infrastructure using international best practices on resilient infrastructure. Given the erstwhile state's vulnerability to both floods and earthquakes, the infrastructure will be designed with upgraded resilient features and will include contingency planning for future disaster events. Therefore, the project aims at both restoring essential services disrupted by the floods and improving the design standard and practices in the erstwhile state to increase resilience.
- 7. The Project Development Objective (PDO) is to support the recovery and increase disaster resilience in targeted areas of the erstwhile state and increase the capacity of the erstwhile state's entities to respond promptly and effectively to an eligible crisis or emergency. The project comprises of the following seven components:
 - 1. Reconstruction and strengthening of critical infrastructure (US\$60 million)
 - 2. Reconstruction of roads and bridges (US\$80 million)
 - 3. Restoration of urban flood management infrastructure (US\$50 million)
 - 4. Strengthening and restoration of livelihoods (US\$15 million)
 - 5. Strengthening disaster risk management capacity (US\$25 million)
 - 6. Contingent Emergency Response (US\$0 million)
 - 7. Implementation Support (US\$20 million)
- 8. Under the component-2 of Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project (JTFRP), Design and Construction of 58.0 mtr span (2- Lane) Steel motorable bridge from Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span (2-lane) motorable bridge from Barsoa to Patri over Barmeen Nallah in Ramnagar (Complete Job) in Ghordi Nallah and Barmeen Nallah District has been approved under Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) mode.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE SUB-PROJECT

- 9. The proposed sub-project involves Design and construction of 58.0 mtr span (2-Lane) motorable bridge from Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span (2-lane) motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah at Ramnagar in Udhampur District. Due to the lack of bridges over these Nallahs, the villages of Pathri, Kuh nallah, Katheel Ganjoo, Barsoa, Sanetar, Plaran, Bhateyari and others in Udhampur district were disconnected from rest of the population for many days during floods of 2014. In light of the frequent flash floods in the nallahs during rainy season, two number motorable bridges with approach roads have been proposed over Barmeen nallah and Ghordi nallah to provide all weather connectivity to the area. The proposed approach roads of the bridges shall link Koo-Jhonu road (from Km 3rd) and PMGSY road, both of which originate from Udhampur Ramnagar road.
- 10. The Geographical location of the proposed sub-project is 32°49'45"N 75°12'6"E. At an elevation of 2,024 metres (6,640 ft) the mountain resort of Patnitop and the temple at Sudh Mahadev believed to be over 2800 years old, are the popular tourist attractions of the district. Temperature varies considerably in the Udhampur District, as the altitude ranges from 600–3,000 metres (2,000–9,800 ft). Chenab, Ans, Tawi and Ujh are the main rivers. The district is rich in minerals such as coal, bauxite, gypsum and limestone.

1.3 NEED AND BENEFITS OF THE PROPOSED BRIDGE

11. The proposed bridge sub-project is located over Barmeen and Ghordi nallahs in Panchayat Kuh and Katheel of Ramnagar tehsil. In the rainy season, the villages get disconnected with other habitations and people of the area especially, farmers, students and patients face lot of difficulties. The proposed work would give throughout year connectivity to the villages like (a) Kuh nallah, (b) Barta, (c) Barsoa, (d) Bari, (e) Sanetar and (f) Bhatyari (G) (Pathri), Plaran of the area. It will enhance the socio-economic situation of the people of the area. This road also connects Ramnagar Tehsil with Udhampur district headquarters. A village named Barsoa, is first time getting direct road connectivity with the execution of this sub-project.

1.4 NEED FOR SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

- 12. Social Impact Assessment (SIA) is a tool for anticipating and mitigating the potentially temporary and permanent adverse impacts of projects. It also helps in enhancing the positive outcomes of the sub-project. SIA alerts project planners (public and private bodies) as to the likely social and economic costs and benefits of a proposed project. The knowledge of the potential costs, when weighed against the likely benefits of a project, helps decision-makers in deciding whether the project should be carried out, with or without modifications, or abandoned completely. The agency carrying out the SIA also develops a mitigation plan to overcome the potential negative impacts on individuals and communities.
- 13. The purpose of the SIA is to ascertain whether a project proposed by the developer is truly in the public purpose, and whether the project is located at a site which is least-displacing and requires the bare minimum amount of land.

1.5 NEED FOR SIA OF THE PROPOSED SUB-PROJECT

- 14. Social Impact Assessment study was conducted to identify and assess the land requirement for the proposed sub-project besides identifying the temporary and permanent impacts. Further, it will guide Executing Agency (EA) to prepare a sound Social Management Plan that will provide guidance to the contractor & PIU to manage social issues during execution and post execution.
- 15. The SIA study envisaged that the sub-project requires private land from the people. The Gram Panchayat of Kuh nallah and Katheel Ganjoo held a public meeting on 13.12.2022 in which, they assured that the required land shall be donated. They also highlighted certain issues which need to be addressed by the PIU on priority basis. The issues highlighted have been addressed and an action taken report has been annexed in the Annexures as annexure VI.

1.6 OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE OF SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

- 16. The Social Impact Assessment study involves the identification of potential social issues in the project and trying to address them through design interventions. The SIA further carries out impact prediction and evaluation of social issues of the project and proposed mitigation measures in the form of Social Management Plan. The major objectives of the SIA are given below:
 - To gather baseline data for assessment of impacts (both direct and indirect);
 - To do the socio-economic profiling of the project;
 - To identify all potential adverse and positive social issues /impacts of the project;
 - > To suggest mitigation measures to effectively manage potential adverse impacts;
 - > To involve local people in the SIA study and project activities.

1.7 THE METHODOLOGY ADOPTED FOR THE SIA

1.7.1 Defining the Impact area

17. The first step undertaken was to define the Area of Impact. For defining the project area (both directly and indirectly), a map that will show the project area was prepared. Besides, field visits to the area were undertaken on 30.11.2018 and 30.08.2018to has a better understanding of the geographic limits of the area and the people living there.

1.7.2 Identifying the Information/Data Requirements and their Sources

18. Baseline data for the study has been collected from the field through survey and census. Further secondary data has been gathered from the sources such as internet.

1.7.3 Public Consultation

19. Project related information has been shared with all the concerned stakeholders. This was the first step to identify stakeholders who will be involved in the consultative processes. Since the sub-project does not envisage acquisition of assets such as land and structures. Therefore, only people residing along the sub-project road, and PIU, PMU and line departments

were identified as major stakeholders. Public consultation took place on 30.11.2018, and follow-up consultations took place on 20.06.2019, 20.06.2020 and 13.12.2022. The following points were taken into consideration in identifying stakeholders include:

- ➤ Identification of the direct/indirect or positive/negative implications of the project.
- Identification of the vulnerable groups.
- Identification of unanticipated and anticipated impacts of the project.
- Changes that the project will induce.
- > Identification of the detrimental and favourable factors for the success of the project.

1.7.4 Conducting Screening

20. Social Impact Assessment (SIA) process began with screening. Screening was undertaken in the very beginning stages of project development. The purpose of screening was to screen out "no significant impacts" from those with significant impacts and get a broad picture of the nature, scale, and magnitude of the issues. This helped in determining the scope of detailed SIA that would be subsequently carried out. The screening results revealed that the sub-project involve land acquisition.

1.7.5 Carry Out Scoping in the Field

21. The next step was scoping. Essentially, this involves a visit to the project site, and consultation with all stakeholders. It is important to confirm their understanding of key issues. On-site appreciation of impacts is indispensable for projects that cause displacement on a large scale. The local knowledge can be invaluable in finding alternatives that help avoid or at least reduce the magnitude and severity of adverse impacts.

1.7.6 Developing a Mitigation Plan

22. SIA study helps and guides in the preparation of social mitigation and management plan for the envisaged and unanticipated impacts. In this study SMP has been prepared in consultation with the locals, PIU and other stakeholders which will serve as blueprint for managing and mitigating social issues/impacts during execution of the sub-project.

1.7.7 Structure of SIA Report

23. To Present the findings of the SIA study, the information's have been suggested in the following chapters:

Executive Summary

- 1. Background & Introduction
- 2. Project Description
- 3. Legal and Regulatory Framework
- 4. Socio-Economic Profile of the Project Impact Area
- 5. Analysis of Alternatives

- 6. Stakeholder's Consultation
- 7. Analysis of Social Impacts
- 8. Mitigation Measures
- 9. Gender Action Plan
- 10. Grievance Redressal Mechanism
- 11. Institutional Arrangements
- 12. Monitoring and Evaluation

CHAPTER 2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

2.1 PROJECT AREA

24. Udhampur district is one of the 22 districts in the Jammu and Kashmir. It is bounded on the West by Reasi District, in the North by Ramban, in North-East by Doda District, in South-East by Samba & Kathua Districts and the South-West by Jammu District. Area of the district is 2,380 Sq.Kms. As per the 2011 population census the total population of the district is 5,57,689, with a rural population of 4,49,481 and urban population of 1,08,208. The Sex Ratio of the district is 870 Females per 1000 Males.

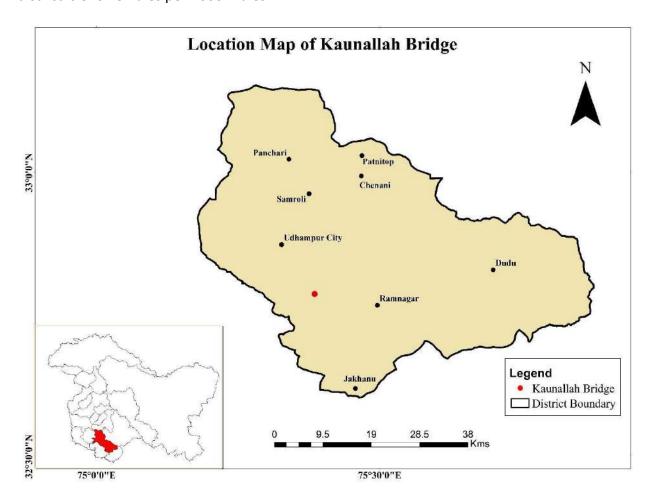


Figure 1: Project Location Map of Ghordi Nallah and Barmeen Nallah, Jammu and Kashmir

25. The literacy rate of the district is 68.49% with a Male literacy of 78.36% and female literacy of 57.10%. Udhampur district has 04 Sub Divisions – Chenani, Ramnagar, Dudu and Basantgarh; 08 tehsils; and 17 Blocks - Chanunta, Chenani, Dudu, Ghordi, Jaganoo, Khoon, Kulwanta, Latti Marothi, Majalta, Moungri, Narsoo, Panchari, ParliDhar, Ramnagar, Sewna, Tikri, Ghordi Nallah and Barmeen Nallah. The district of Udhampur is located in the Shivalik range of Himalayas and the terrain is mostly mountainous. The upper reaches of the district experience snowfall in the winter season. The city itself is in a relatively flatter part of the district at an elevation of 756 metres (2480 feet) and it rarely experiences any snowfall. The

city's climate is subtropical. Summer temperatures may exceed 40 degrees while temperatures below freezing have been recorded in winter. The annual rainfall is 130 cm, mainly in monsoons and winters.

26. The component 2 of "Jhelum and Tawi Flood Disaster Recovery Project" is 'to restore and improve the connectivity disrupted due to the disaster through the reconstruction of damaged roads and bridges. The infrastructure will be designed to withstand earthquake and flood forces as per the latest official design guidelines. The affected areas will benefit by the restored access to the markets thereby increasing the economic growth in these areas and timely access to health and education services. Restoration of roads will also serve as supply/rescue lines in the event of disaster. There was persistent demand from the public of the area for construction of the said bridges to provide connectivity to the people of the area and the proposal for construction of new bridges had subsequently been submitted to higher authorities.

2.2 PROJECT LOCATION AND OUTLINE

- 27. The project area is located in Kuh and Katheel Ganjoo Panchayat of Ramnagar tehsil of, JK UT. It is situated 23km away from sub-district headquarter Ramnagar (tehsildar office) and 43km away from district headquarter Udhampur. As per 2009 stats, GhordiKhas West is the gram panchayat of Ghordi Khas village. The total geographical area of village is 1365.8 hectares. Ghordi Khas has a total population of 4,649 peoples, out of which male population is 2,428 while female population is 2,221. There are about 735 houses in Ghordi Khas village. Udhampur is nearest town to Ghordi Khas for all major economic activities, which is approximately 43km away.
- 28. Khatheel Ganjoo Panchayat is located in Ramnagar Tehsil of Udhampur district in Jammu & Kashmir, India. It is situated 20 km away from sub-district headquarter Ramnagar (tehsildar office) and 60 km away from district headquarter Udhampur. The total geographical area of village is 931.6 hectares. KhathilGanjoo has a total population of 2,732 peoples, out of which male population is 1,417 while female population is 1,315. There are about 478 houses in Khatheel Ganjoo village. Ramnagar is nearest town to Khatheel Ganjoo for all major economic activities, which is approximately 20km away
- 29. During high precipitation in the rainy season, the villages across the Ghordi Nallah and Barmeen Nallah gets disconnected with other habitations and people of the area especially students, patients face a lot of difficulties in absence of connectivity over said nallah. Barmeen nallah and Ghordi nallahs are perennial in nature and people cross these nallahs by foot during dry season as water level comes down whereas during rainy season people usually takes other long route to reach their destinations. As reported during study, two school children lost their lives while crossing these streams due to flash floods few years back.
- 30. These two nallahs converge near a small hamlet called Barsoa (Ramnagar block). This small hamlet will first time get road connectivity and presently they have to cover approximately 2.5 kms of distance by foot to get transportation facility. There has been a long pending demand for the construction of bridges at the proposed site from the public of the area for construction of a motorable bridge to provide connectivity to the people of the area.

Villages across the nallahs are mostly the marginal farmers with small land holdings. Lack of connectivity is major hurdle for inhabitants to sell of their agricultural produce to the local market. A LULC classification of Ghordi Nallah and Barmeen Nallah has been provided below:

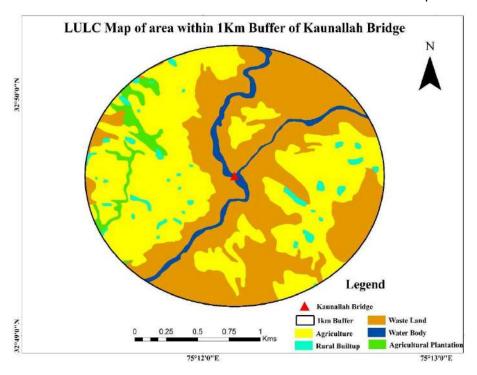


Figure 2: Land use Land cover map of proposed Ramnagar bridge, Udhampur



Figure 3: Location of bridges at the proposed site

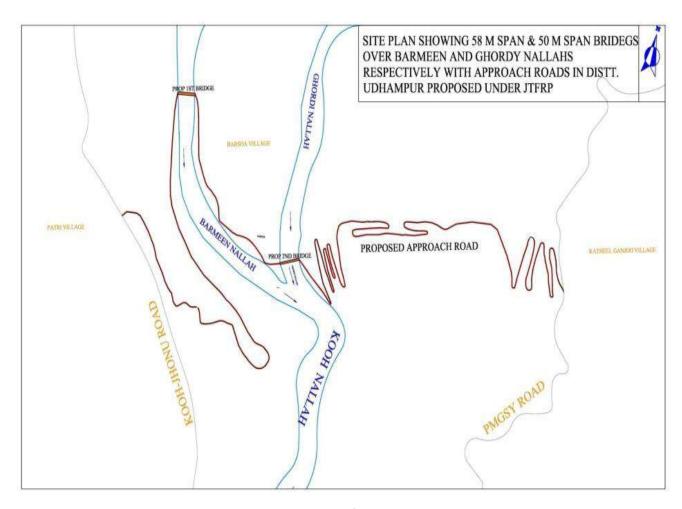


Figure 4: Site Plan of the project

LEGAL AND REGULATORY FRAMEWORK **CHAPTER 3.**

The ESMF for JTFRP identifies all the national and state level legislations, rules and 31. guidelines which would be applicable to the JTFRP project. It has also identified all the World Bank Policies and guidelines which are applicable to JTFRP. This section highlights only the relevant social policies and regulations and World Bank guidelines, which are applicable for this sub-project.

3.1 APPLICABLE NATIONAL AND J&K UT'S LAWS AND REGULATIONS

- The Resettlement Policy Framework (RPF) has been prepared for JTFRP to mitigate any 32. potential adverse impacts and to maximize the positive impacts. RPF is a guiding tool in deciding the assessment procedures and mitigation measures to minimize any likely negative impacts due to any subproject under JTFRP. The Resettlement Policy Framework for JTFRP provided in ESMF is drawn in accordance with the World Bank's Safeguard Policies, National policy and U.T's policies on Land acquisition. The framework has been referred as a guiding tool to mitigate the potential adverse social impacts which can be triggered due to implementation of the sub-project. "Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah at Ramnagar in Udhampur District".
- 33. Applicable policies and provisions are discussed in the tables given below.

3.2 OPERATIONAL POLICIES AND DIRECTIVE OF THE WORLD BANK

The implementation of the World Bank Operational Policies seeks to avoid, minimize or 34. mitigate the adverse environmental and social impacts, including protecting the rights of those likely to be affected or marginalized by the proposed project. Based on the literature review and preliminary research, following OPs given in Table 3-1 might be triggered and would require adequate measures to address the safeguard concerns.

Table 3-1: Operational Policies and Directives of the WB

Safeguard Policies	Objective	Аррисавшту
OP/BP 4.12 Involuntary Resettlement	The objective of this policy is to avoid or minimize involuntary resettlement where feasible, exploring all viable alternative project designs. Furthermore, it intends to assist displaced person in improving their former living standards; community participation in planning and implementing resettlement; and to provide assistance to affected people, regardless of the legality of title of land	Not Applicable The required land has been donated by land owners.
OP/BP 4.10 Indigenous People	This policy aims to protect the dignity, right and cultural uniqueness of indigenous people; to ensure that they do not suffer due to development; that	Not Applicable Since no one from indigenous group is

	they receive social and economic benefits	being impacted directly or indirectly.
OP/BP 4.11 Physical Cultural Resources	This policy aims at assisting in the preservation of cultural property, historical, religious and unique natural value-this includes remains left by previous human inhabitants and unique environment features, as well as in the protection and Enhancement of cultural properties encountered in Bank- financed project.	There is no such physical /cultural asset around the sub-

3.3 POLICY AND REGULATORY FRAMEWORK OF GOI AND THE U.T. OF J&K

35. This deals with various policies, acts, rules and regulations promulgated by the central and state government related to environment and relevant to present project. Scope of relevant social regulations and applicability is furnished in the Error! Reference source not found. below:

Table 3-2: Applicable Acts/Policies and Rules

S.No.	Acts/Policies/Rules	Relevance to this project	Applicability in the sub-project
1	The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 The old act is Land Acquisition Act, 1894 and it is replaced by the new Act RFCTLARR,2013	The Act has provisions to provide fair compensation to those whose land is taken away, brings transparency to the process of acquisition of land to set up factories or buildings, infrastructural projects, and assures rehabilitation of those affected.	Not Applicable The required land has been donated.
2	State Land Acquisition Act 1990 (1934 AD)	The State Land Acquisition Act 1990 (1934 AD) is in force in the state of Jammu and Kashmir. This Act provides the legal framework for land acquisition for public purposes in J&K. It enables the State Government to acquire private lands for a public purpose, and seeks to ensure that no person is deprived of land except under the Act.	Not Applicable The required land has been donated by land owners.

S.No.	Acts/Policies/Rules	Relevance to this project	Applicability in the
			sub-project
5	Jammu and Kashmir Common Lands (Regulation) Act, 1956	An Act to regulate the rights in common lands. Provide relief to the user of the lands, used for common purposes like roads, streets, lanes, pathways, water channels, drains, wells, tanks, or any other source of water supply to the villagers in general. Provision for the prohibition of encroachments over such common lands and public places and eviction thereof and in case of encroachments, to restore the rights of the users. Provision for assigning land for extension of "Village Abadi", if existing land is inadequate for the habitation of the villagers at any point of time.	Not Applicable The required common land has been donated by the community/ies through Gram Panchayat.

3.4 LAND DONATIONS UNDER JTFRP

ESMF of the JTFRP clearly states that JTFRP will completely avoid or at least minimize land acquisitions. Whenever very small parcels of additional land are required, the project will interact with the land owners and if landholders agree for land donation then the project willfacilitate voluntary donation of land required for taking up sub-projects under the project. This use of voluntary donations option will be limited to small strips of land for rural roads. JTFRP will ensure that the process of voluntary donation of land will be meticulously documented at all levels to avoid confusion, misunderstandings, litigations etc. at a later stage.

CHAPTER 4. SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE OF THE PROJECT IMPACT AREA

- 36. Udhampur is a city and a municipal council in Udhampur District in the Indian Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir. Situated among lush green forests of Eucalyptus, it is the third-largest city of the Jammu region and the fifth-largest city in the UT of Jammu and Kashmir. Named after Raja Udham Singh, it serves as the district capital and the Northern Command headquarters of the Indian Army. A Forward Base Support Unit (FBSU) of the Indian Air Force is also stationed here. Udhampur is used by the Armed Forces as a transit point between Jammu and Srinagar when travelling by road (National Highway NH 44).
- 37. To understand the socio-economic background of the sub-project area, a socio-economic profile of Project Impact Area (PIA) has been prepared on the basis of data from secondary documents such as Census 2011 and other published reports and studies. This section outlines the social profile of the project impact area in terms of demography, livelihood, health and infrastructure.

4.1 AGRICULTURE

38. The district is primarily agricultural and pre-dominantly rural with more than 80 per cent of population living in the rural areas. During the year 2018-19, the total reporting area of the district was 2.79 lakh hectares, 0.18 lakh hectares was total sown and 0.43 lakh hectares was net sown and 1.04 lakh hectares was covered under forests side of the demarcation line and 0.075 lakh hectares under pastures. The high yield variety program has already been introduced in the district. The 26, 000 hectares of wheat, 28,350 hectares of maize and 9500 hectares of peddy area were covered under the program during 201-19. More than 7173 quintals of improved seeds were distributed 1989 M. tons of fertilizers was used.

4.2 INDUSTRY

39. The district has no large or medium scale industry. The total number of small-scale industrial units registered with DIC during the year 2018-19 was 8 with 47 workers working therein. There were 59 cooperative societies having a membership of 23,939 ending March 2019.

4.3 GROWTH RATE

40. As per 2011, the total population of the district is 5,54,985 constituting of 296784 males and 258201 females. The growth rate of the population of the district between 2001-2011 is 20.78 per cent which is lower than the corresponding proportion of the state (23.63 per cent). So far as the rural sector of the district is concerned, there has been an increase of 83663 persons during the period from 2011 to 2011 census, indicating a growth of 23.04 per cent. In the urban sector of the district, the population has risen from 96,372 in 2001 to 108,208 in 2011 thereby registering a growth of 12.28 per cent.

4.4 RURAL-URBAN COMPOSITION

41. More than 80% population of the district lives in villages. The pace of urbanisation in the

district is very slow as the percentage of Urban to total population has risen from about 10% in 1981 to 20% only in a period of 30 years.

4.5 DENSITY

42. The district has a population of 5,54985 encompassing an area of 2637 sq. km. Its density i.e., population per sq. km works out to 210 which is substantially higher as compared to that of the State (now U.T.). Amongst 14 districts of the state, it ranks 5th and 11th in terms of area and density respectively.

4.6 SEX RATIO

43. The population of the district is 554985 constituting of 296784 males and 258201 females, thereby sex ratio i.e., number of females per 1000 males works out to 870 which is lower than the State's ratio of 889. Tehsil-wise data revels that males predominate over females in all the tehsils of the district. Barring Chenani tehsil, the sex ratio in all the tehsils of the district is higher than the state average ranging from 900 of Majalta to 930 of Chenani. Sex ratio for rural and ubran areas of the district was 897 and 684 respectively in 2001 Census which has increased to 918 in rural and 696 in the urban areas in 2011 Census.

4.7 WORK PARTICIPATION RATE

- 44. Out of a total population of 554,985 inhabiting the district at 2011 Census 243,672 or 43.91 per cent are total workers. Of these, 27.47 per cent are main workers and 16.44 per cent are marginal workers. Non-workers account for 56.09 per cent. The proportions of male and female total workers are 55.21 per cent and 30.92 per cent respectively. The proportion of total workers pertaining to State as a whole is 34.46 per cent which is much lower than that returned by the district. Out of these, 21.08 per cent are main workers and 13.38 per cent are marginal workers. While comparing the data at district level with 2001 Census, it is observed that there has been a decrease of 5.39 per cent and 0.14 per cent in case of total workers and marginal workers respectively; whereas an increase of 5.53 per cent has been witnessed in so far as main workers are concerned.
- 45. In rural sector of the district, total workers constitute 44.20 per cent. Of these, 62.60 per cent are main workers and 37.40 per cent are marginal workers. The proportion of non-workers is 56.10 per cent. The corresponding proportions of total, main and marginal workers of the State as a whole are 34.18, 18.33 and 15.84 per cent respectively. In urban sector of the district, total workers comprise 39.8 per cent, out of which 37.3 per cent are main workers and 2.5 per cent are marginal workers.

4.8 LITERACY

46. At 2011 Census, Udhampur district with a literacy rate of 68.49 per cent ranks seventh among all the districts of the State. The corresponding proportion for the State as a whole is 67.20 per cent. The proportion of literates in the district at 2001 Census was 59.30 per cent (excluding population in the age group 0-6) depicting thereby that the district has registered an increase of 9.20 per cent of literates over that of 2001. In 2011 Census, the proportion of male literates is substantially higher (78.40 per cent) than those of females (57.10 per cent). Tahsil

wise data show that Udhampur with 68.50 per cent literates is stands at seventh rank and at the top stands District Jammu (83.0 percent).

47. In rural areas of the district, the literacy rate has gone up from 51.60 per cent in 2001 to 63.40 per cent in 2011, indicating an increase of 11.80 per cent. In its urban sector, the rate has shot to 88.0 per cent in 2011 from 86.40 per cent in 2001, showing an increase of 1.60 per cent. This implies that rural areas of the district have made much progress with regard to literacy than its urban sector. The corresponding proportions for rural and urban areas of the State are 63.20 per cent and 77.10 per cent respectively.

4.9 SCHEDULED CASTE AND SCHEDULED TRIBE POPULATION

48. Out of a total population of 554,985 in the district as a whole, scheduled castes and scheduled tribes' number 138569 and 56,309 respectively. In other words, while scheduled castes account for 24.97 per cent, scheduled tribes claim 10.15 per cent of the total population of the district. Tahsil wise data depicts that Ramnagar has recorded the highest percentage of scheduled castes population to total population at 33.29 per cent. This is followed by Majalta tahsil (26.1 per cent). Chenani with 22.6 per cent of scheduled castes population enjoys the third place; the lowest being claimed by Udhampur at 20.29 per cent. In case of scheduled tribes population, Chenani tahsil is conspicuous for having recorded the highest proportion (19.28 per cent). Majalta with 10.65 per cent comes next. The corresponding proportion in the remaining tahsils is lower than the district average; ranging from 8.23 per cent of Udhampur to 9.62 per cent in Ram Nagar. The proportion of scheduled castes is higher in rural areas of the district than the urban sector; standing at 27.47 per cent and 14.63 per cent respectively. Similar position is observed in so far as scheduled tribes are concerned. Their proportions in rural and urban areas are 12.01 per cent and 2.47 per cent respectively.

4.10 EDUCATIONAL FACILITY

49. As mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs, the rural population of the district dwells in 325 villages. Of these, 309 or 95.08 per cent have one or the other educational facility available to its inhabitants, covering a population of 445,911 or 99.81 per cent. All the villages of three C.D blocks; namely: Ram nagar, Ghordi and Dudu have educational facility available, thus catering to cent per cent of its population. In the remaining C.D blocks the corresponding proportion of villages as having educational facilities ranges between 86.84 per cent of Majalata and 95.56 of Chenani whereas proportion of population covered ranges from 99.52 per cent of Majalata to 99.72 per cent each of Panchari and Chenani.

4.11 MEDICAL FACILITY

50. The figures reveal that 160 or 49.23 per cent villages in the district, covering a population of 66.45 per cent are having one or the other medical facility. Coming to the C.D. blocks, it is observed that Dudu takes the prime position where the proportion of villages as having this amenity stands at 63.33 per cent, extending this facility to 71.06 per cent of population. There is one District Hospital located at the District Headquarter, 2 Sub District Hospitals and 242 other medical institutions including 25 allopathic dispensaries providing medical facility in the district.

4.12 IMPROVED DRINKING WATER

51. The data shows that 99.69 per cent of villages in the district have the facility of improved drinking water, covering a population of 99.9 per cent. Interestingly, barring one CD blocks namely; Udhampur, all the villages of remaining six C.D. blocks have this amenity available to its inhabitants, catering to cent per cent population.

4.13 SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE OF THE PERSONS DONATING THE LAND

- 52. The required land has been donated by the landowners voluntarily in the presence of Gram Sabha members and locals. Public consultation was conducted at the project location on 30.11.2018 and follow-up consultations took place on 20.06.2019, 20.06.2020 and 13.12.2022.
- 53. The execution of the subproject does not have impact on any private structures or religiousor on any CPRs. The SIA envisaged that 36 families from two Panchayat (Kuhnallah and KatheelGanjoo) are donating their land. Out of 36 families, land of 13 families falls under individual ownership whereas that of 23 families under the ownership of 03 joint families.Land donation deeds of 13 families have been signed individually by the land owners whereas 03 land donation deeds have been jointly signed by 23 families. Out of the total land donated, 09 families are donating only 0-4 per cent of their land, 03 families are donating 4-8 per cent of land, 03 families are donating 8-12 per cent of their land and only 01 family is donating 14.99 per cent of land.
- All donor families belong to the Hindu religion and among them thirty-four (34) families fall under general category and two (02) are scheduled castes. Based on the documentation produced by the land donor families, seventeen (17) families fall under Priority Household (PHH), one (01) is WHH, one (01) is WHH & AAY and one (01) falls under Anantodaya Anna Yojana (AAY) category which is below PHH¹(Annexure V).
- 55. As found during the census survey and public consultation, no family will be relegated to the vulnerable position due to land donation for the sub-project. It was found during census survey and public consultations, that vulnerable families (PHH/WHH/AAY)are left with sufficient land over which they can live their pre-project life (refer table 1-4 on socio-economic status of the families). Two WHH households are donating 2.86 % and 1.66 % of 3540.35 m² and 7586.86m² of land respectively. Among these two WHH households, one is getting pension as her husband passed away while performing duties in the Army and the family of second WHH is being financially taken care by her two sons who are running their private business outside U.T. Another vulnerable household is of a differently able person who is donating 3.99 % of 5057.65m² land. Financial matters of his family is being taken care by his sons since head is differently able.
- 56. People donating the land usually fulfil their daily requirements from grocery shops around the project area but for purchase of clothes, medicines, construction material and for education after 8th / 10th, they have to approach Udhampur (district headquarters)/ Ramnagar (Tehsil).

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¹ JK govt. vide order no 40-FCS&CA of 2018 dated 08.02.2018 notified that PHH category beneficiaries constituted erstwhile BPL category beneficiaries after implementation of NFSA 2013.

During SIA study it is found that one village namely Barsoa, is first time getting direct road connectivity under this sub-project. They (including students and old age people) now use to walk about 2.5 kms to access transport services. All women from families donating the land do farming besides performing daily household chores.

Table 4-1: Socio-economic details and impact analysiss

	No City				lity	<u> </u>			Impact	of land don total land	ation on	
SI no	Name of the head of the family	Address	Religion	Caste	Vulnerability	Migration	Occupation	Khasra number	Total land	Land donated	Impact in per cent	Remarks
1	Baldev Singh	Beri (KatheelGa njoo)	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	Retired Ex- service man/ farming	275 min	8092.23 m²	531.04 m²	6.57 %	
2	Kuldeep Singh	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	PHH	Yes	Farming /Labor	276,224, 225	8092.23 m²	1213.68 m²	14.99 %	
3	Pritam Singh	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	Nil	Yes	Farming /Labor	224 min	3540.35 m ²	151.62 m²	4.29 %	
4	Kulwant Singh	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	Retired Ex- service man/ farming	225 min	10115.2 9 m²	303.24 m²	2.99 %	
5	Joginder Singh	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	Nil	Yes	Private work	276 min	6069.17 m²	101.08 m²	1.67 %	
6	Neelam Singh	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	PHH	Yes	Farming/ Labor	276 min	3540.35 m ²	101.08 m²	2.86 %	
7	Shoba Rani / Komal Singh	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	WHH	Yes	Army school maid	276 min	3540.35 m ²	101.08 m²	2.86 %	Husband was in Army. She is getting pension and working in Army School.

					lity	Ē			Impact	of land don total land		
SI no	Name of the head of the family	Address	Religion	Caste	Vulnerability	Migration	Occupation	Khasra number	Total land	Land donated	Impact in per cent	Remarks
8	Mansa Ram	Beri (KatheelGanj 00)	Hindu	Scheduled caste	AAY	No	Farming /Labor	218 min	5057.65 m²	202.16 m²	3.99 %	Physically challenged. One arm does not work. His sons earns livelihood of the family.
9	Kutti/Satpal	Beri (KatheelGanj 00)	Hindu	Scheduled caste	PHH	No	Farming /Labor	218 min	4046.12 m ²	328.50 m ²	8.11 %	Father namely Kutti died. Son Satpal signed land donation deed.
10	Ram Saran	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	PHH	No	Farming /Labor	220 min, 213 min, 214 min, 215 min	16184.4 6m²	1896.32 m²	11.72 %	
11	Shanti Devi	Beri (KatheelGanj oo)	Hindu	General caste	AAY/W HH	yes	Farming /Labor	217 min	7586.47 m²	126.35 m²	1.66 %	Husband died. She signed land donation deed as land is not distributed among the sons. Her sons are running the livelihood of the family.

					lity	Ē			Impact of land donation on total land			
SI no	Name of the head of the family	Address	Religion	Caste August Vulnerability		Migration	Migration Occupation	Khasra number	Total land	Land donated	Impact in per cent	Remarks
12	PrabhuDayal	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	No	Farming /Petty Shop	1101, 1098	5057.59 m ²	454.86 m ²	8.99 %	
13	GopalDass/ Ramesh Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	No	Farming /Labor	1088	11126.7 2m²	126.35 m ²	1.36 %	
14	Dina Nath and others	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	Yes	Farming	1089	55634.0 6m²	252.69 m ²	0.46 %	Son of Dina Nath works as waiter. Dina
А	Ranjeet Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	Yes	Farming /Labor					Nath has lost all documents including ration card and
В	Kulwinder Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	NPHH	Yes	Farming /Labor	-				Adhaar card. All names
С	Balvinder Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	Yes	Farming /Labor					mentioned in Dina Nath and
D	Joginder Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	Yes	Farming /Labor					others land donation deed.
E	Rashpal Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	Yes	Farming /Labor					
F	Surjeet Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	РНН	Yes	Farming /Labor					
15	SubashChander and others	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	РНН	No	Farming/Labor / petty shop	1100, 1109	38438.0 8m ²	935.35 m²	2.44 %	All names mentioned in SubashChande

					lity	Ē	5		Impact of land donation on total land			
SI no	Name of the head of the family	of the Address Religion Caste In Section Address Occupation	Khasra number	Total land	Land donated	Impact in per cent	Remarks					
A	Kaka Ram	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	РНН	No	Farming /Labor					r and others land donation deed.
В	Dharam Chand	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	Farming /Labor					Mast Ram died. His
С	CharanDass	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	Farming /Labor					brother signed land donation
D	Mast Ram	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	No	Farming/ Labor					deed.
E	Madan Lal	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	РНН	No	Farming /Labor					
16	Sukhdev Singh and others	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	Ex-service man	273/1	48056.5 9m²	2521.43 m²	5.89 %	Names mentioned in Sukhdev Singh and others land donation
Α	Sehdev Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General	Nil	No	service					deed.
В	Raj Singh/ Shakuntla Devi	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	Ex- serviceman/W ife get pension					
С	Mohinder Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General	Nil	No	service					

	Name of the				lity	<u> </u>			Impact of land donation on total land			
SI no	Name of the head of the family	Address	Religion	Caste	Vulnerability	Migration	Occupation	Khasra number	Total land	Land donated	Impact in per cent	Remarks
				caste								
D	Darminder Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	PHH	No	Farming					
E	Dilawar Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	service					
F	Surinder Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	service					
G	Narinder Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	service					
Н	Ram Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	service					
I	Puran Singh	Kuh	Hindu	General caste	Nil	No	service					

CHAPTER 5. ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

- 57. This chapter presents a comparative analysis of various alternatives considered to avoid or minimize impacts that would be inevitable if technically (based on design and geometrics) best-fit alignment is followed.
- 58. The affected areas will benefit from the restored access to the markets thereby increasing the economic growth in these areas and timely access to health and education services. Based on the above assessment, bridge design parameters have been adopted as per the latest official design guidelines mandated for the seismic Zone-IV as per BIS standards for the construction of the proposed bridge at Ramnagar over Ghordi Nallah and Barmeen Nallah in Udhampur district. The synoptic descriptions of the design parameters are presented in Chapter 2 are flexible in design to avoid most of the impacts. An analysis of various alternatives is attempted to arrive at the technically and socially best-fit alternative. The analysis of alternative is documented illustration/evidence to show and ensure that final decisions taken are in line with the following objectives.
 - (i) In compliance with the country laws, policies and legal requirements.
 - (ii) To confirm that the project is actually needed and not imposed and not to lead any major loss or destruction to natural resources either directly or indirectly.
 - (iii) To confirm that the implementation of the project will not lead to any major crisis or conflict in the community during implementation.
 - (iv) To confirm that the Public/Government financial resources are not wasted for wrong projects/infrastructural works without the consideration of views of the stakeholders.
 - (v) To confirm that no individual and biased approach (for example implementation of a personal ambition using public money in a secretive manner) from the responsible implementing official/s has taken place.
 - (vi) In accordance with the actual requirements of the local people.
 - (vii) Following the World Bank policies and procedures.
 - (viii) To create climate-resilient and flood-proof bridge/road infrastructure.
- 59. These were also an integral part of the analysis of alternatives throughout the project preparation. The social impact assessment study revealed that connectivity between major habitations such as Ghordi, Barmeen, Barsoa and other villages is missing due to absence of bridge facility. There has been a long pending demand from the villagers for the construction of a bridge at the proposed site.

5.1 WITH OR WITHOUT PROJECT SCENARIO

60. The 'with' and 'without' project scenarios are analyzed for the development of the erstwhile state by the back-drop of the requirement of reliable quality infrastructure for sustained growth economy and consequent well-being of local people. The proposed work

"Design and Construction of 58.0 mtr span (2- Lane) Steel motorable bridge from KatheelGanjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span (2-lane) motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah Ramnagar (Complete Job) in the tehsil Ramnagar of Udhampur district would connect the villages like (a) Kuh nallah, (b) Barta, (c) Barsoa, (d) Bari, (e) Sanetar and (f) Bhatyari (g) Barsoa of the area. In case of any obstruction to the main road links Udhampur and Ramnagar, this sub-project can give alternative link between Ramnagar and Udhampur.

- 61. Providing better connectivity will ensure that goods and people from areas covered by the bridge construction can move in and out of the areas quicker and save time. If the bridge project is not constructed, there is every likelihood that the people of the project area will continue to suffer and quality of life will be deteriorated. As a present scenario of no bridge exists, people will continue to suffer due to the lack of any connectivity. As residents and village habitants have to cross nallah to access the paved roads for nearby towns, schools and markets, it is extremely difficult to cross this nallah during rainy season and episodes of the heavy downpour. Construction of bridge would help villagers to move to safer places during such events. In the absence of the project, the J&K Govt may find it difficult to generate resources for such a bridge infrastructure which is required and for the benefits of the people at large. Increased air pollution is anticipated mainly attributed to the movement of construction vehicles which is temporary and site-specific. Noise levels will rise due to the operation of machinery and construction vehicles as well.
- 62. Therefore, the "with" project scenario, with its minor adverse impacts is more acceptable than the "without" project scenario which would mean an aggravation of the existing problems. Potential benefits of the construction of the bridge project at proposed site are substantial and far-reaching both in terms of the geographical spread and time. Hence, it is clear that the implementation of the project will have definite advantage to the area.

CHAPTER 6. STAKEHOLDERS CONSULTATION

6.1 INTRODUCTION

- 63. Consultation during project preparation is an integral part of the social assessment process. It not only minimizes the risks but involves the public as stakeholders in project preparation process, promotes public understanding of the project and leads to timely completion of the project. The views and suggestions received during stakeholder's consultations also helps in better identification of social impacts and incorporation of mitigation measures in SMP to address these impacts. The specific objectives of the consultation process are to:
 - Provide clear and accurate information about the project to the beneficiary community/ies;
 - ➤ Obtain the main concerns and perceptions of the public and affected families and their representatives regarding the project.
 - > Improve project design and, thereby, minimize conflicts and delays in implementation
 - Increase long term project sustainability and ownership.
- 64. Public consultation/meetings were conducted on sub-project location number of times viz., on 30/08/2018, and 20.06.2019, 20.06.2020 and 13.12.2022 (Minutes of Meeting attached as **Appendix V**). Consultations have been done in accordance with the ESMF requirements which are the pre-requisite for the social and environmental safeguards. The purpose and objective of stakeholder's consultation is the identification and involvement of land owners donating the required land, nearby communities and other in order to make them cognizant about the proposed bridge sub-project activities.

6.2 IDENTIFICATION OF STAKEHOLDERS

- 65. Consultations were conducted with the (i) Local community/ies (ii) Land donors (iii) Roadside shop owners (iii) Road users and (iv) Community Leaders and (v) and officers of PMU and PIU in order to identify the stakeholders. So that the interested persons can be taken on board before finalization of sub-project proposal and plan.
- 66. A reconnaissance survey of the proposed bridge site was also conducted. Baseline information was collected from the adjoining areas in close proximity within the Project Influence Area (PIA) Formal and informal consultations were undertaken with the land owners donating the required land and other project stakeholders to take their views and propositions about the project activities.

6.3 CONSULTATIONS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

67. Public consultation/meetings were conducted on sub-project location number of times viz., on 30/08/2018, 20.06.2019, 20.06.2022 and 13.12.2022 (Annexure V). Consultation with the community was carried out at Barmeen and Ghordi villages of the sub-project to inform and educate the land owners donating the land and other stakeholders about the proposed action before the finalization of design to include their inputs. The consultation was also carried out to

identify the problems associated with the proposed project and the needs of the population likely to be impacted by the sub-project. In each of these consultations, the villagers were briefed about the land requirements, revenue records obtained from revenue department, potential positive and adverse impact of the proposed intervention. The signatures/photographs of participants in the public consultation are given in annexure V. On 13.12.2022, during consultation in the presence of Gram Sabha head, people raised some of the issues regarding dumping of excavated material and left out drain near the house of one Mr. Kulwant, blocking of 300 years old Bandobasti rasta (Pathway) and construction of boundary / Breast walls wherever required. The issues has been addressed by the PIU and an Action Taken Report has been annexed as annexure VI along with photographs.

6.4 ISSUES DISCUSSED DURING PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- 68. Public consultation/meetings were conducted on 30.08.2018, 20.06.2019, 20.06.2022 and 13.12.2022.During the consultations, community were informed about the following:
 - the proposed bridge design, source of assistance and its implementation/execution etc.;
 - land requirement for the sub-project;
 - Revenue record in English and Urdu were provided to the locals which was discussed by land donors with concerned local revenue officer i.e. Patwari.
 - Information on perceived benefits from the proposed bridge project such as saving of time of students, smooth mobility of all sections of the community, benefits the subproject during critical care etc. was shared with them;
 - COVID-19 issues and mitigation measures;
 - Land requirement and voluntarily land donation with the consent of the Gram Sabha and land owners;
 - Inconvenience and problems during execution of the sub-project;
 - Social and Environmental policy of the World Bank;
 - The environment and social issues and their mitigation measures that will be followed to address these issues.
- 69. The issues raised by local people during public consultations for the proposed bridge subproject at Kuh and Katheel Ganjoo Panchayat villages are given in the below table:

6-1: Public Consultation-Issues and Response

Public	Issues raised	Response by PMU	Remarks
Consultation			
date/s			

30.08.2018, 20.06.2019, 20.06.2022 and 13.12.2022

- People demanded that there should not be any disruption in access to the newly constructed cremation ground;
- The construction waste should be properly disposed;
- People expressed their readiness to donate their land voluntarily for the approach road of the sub-project;
- Need for barricading of site to avoid the local kids for swimming purpose which may possess safety issues during well-foundation.
- Geometric correction/ alignment of approach road surface should be followed strictly as per design protocol;
- Gram Panchayat (Katheel Ganjoo) in the presence of locals unanimously decided to allow PIU, JK ERA, Jammu to utilize land falls under khasra number 221 and 216 which is Shamlatdeh for the project.
- Gram Panchayat (Kuhnallah)
 in the presence of locals
 unanimously decided to allow
 PIU, JK ERA, Jammu to utilize
 land falls under khasra
 number 1093 which is
 Shamlatdeh for the project
- The contractor has blocked a more than 300 years old track (Bandobasti rasta) used by locals for carrying their farm

- It has been ensured by PIU. Moreover, constructions of cremation ground and access to it become possible only by the execution of the subproject.
- Disposal of the waste at proper site will be ensured through ESMP implementation.
- It will be ensured that access to any community or religious property is not restricted during the construction stage.
 Necessary measures are proposed in ESMP.
- PIU is ensuring with the help of consultants.
- Site is blocked from both ends. Children are not allowed to approach bridge sites.
- Social and Environmental safeguards team discussed ESMP with the locals.
- The contractor has been given time line up to Feb, 2023 to address the issue and report to PIU. The same will be reported in the SMP implementation reporting.
- Pathway (Bandobasti

 Land donation deeds have animals, harvest, fodder and approaching their fields (Katheel Panchayat). People want contractor to correct it or PIU needs to take call on the issue.

- PIU needs to mark the land as per actual requirement and remaining land shall be utilized by the owners for erecting fence along the fields.
- The right-side drain near the house of Kulwant Singh is kuchha and needs to be constructed.
- The excavated material dumped by the contractor in fields needs to be removed.
- The B/R walls needs to be given wherever there is soft rock and cutting has been done to save the fields from erosion.

Rasta) has been restored by PIU. Action Taken Report has been annexed as annexure VI.

- The contractor has marked the land so that people can use their remaining land. The status of the same will be reported in the SMP implementation reporting.
- Right side drain has been constructed. Action
 Taken Report annexed as annexure VI.
- Dumped material has been removed by the contractor. Action report has been annexed as annexure VI.
- B/R walls constructed wherever required.
 Action report has been annexed as annexure VI.

been signed.

 Letters of land donation and using of Shamilat deh and other communi ty land received by PIU.

CHAPTER 7. ANALYSIS OF SOCIAL IMPACT

70. This chapter discussed the social impact of the sub-project. With a view to comply with the applicable national and U.T. laws, acts and guidelines and the World Bank OP 4.12, a conjunctive approach of integrating the social, environmental and design aspects as well as intensive stakeholder consultations was done. Both Primary and Secondary data were collected during the SIA study. Primary data were collected from people along with the ownership status of the land. Secondary data/information were collected from various sources such as internet, executing agency, and revenue authorities.

7.1 LAND REQUIREMENT

- 71. The SIA study envisaged that the sub-project require land for the construction of approach road to the bridges. As per the revenue record and survey number details received from the revenue department, the sub-project requires 36 Kanal & 02 Marlas i.e., 18258.04 m² (4.063 acre) of land for approach road. The sub-project requires Private, Kacharai (grazing land, left barren for years), Shamilat Deh/Makhbuza Malkan (Common land, ownership vest in Gram Panchayat, and state land measuring 9027.58 m², 3565.62 m²,3059.83m², and 2528.8 m² respectively. The revenue record has been annexed as **Annexure II**.
- 72. The sub-project requires land from 24 (khasra numbers) land parcels from 36 families. Out of 24 land parcels (khasra numbers), 13 land parcels belongs to 13 families (individual ownership), 04 land parcels belonging to 03 joint families (under joint ownership of 23 families). Out of remaining 07 khasra numbers 04 are under Shamilat deh/Makhbuza Malkan (Common land, ownership vest in Gram Panchayat), 01 is under Kacharai land (Grazing land) and 02 land parcels belongs to the government.
- 73. The SIA envisaged that 16 families from two Panchayat (Kuh nallah and Katheel Ganjoo) have donated their land voluntarily. Out of 16families, land of 13 families falls under individual ownership whereas that of03under joint ownership. Land donation deeds of 13 families have been signed individually by the land owners whereas 03 land donation deeds have been signed by 23 families
- 74. The Gram Panchayat of Kuh nallah and Katheel Ganjoo have sent letters of voluntary land donation to the Project Manager (T) (Annexure III). The required land has been donated by the people and land donation deeds have been annexed as Annexure IV.

7.2 IMPACT ON STRUCTURES

75. No structure either government or private shall be impacted during the execution of the sub-project as the site of the proposed bridge is away from the locality and there is no structure in and around the alignment of the approach road to the bridge.

7.3 IMPACT ON THE LIVELIHOOD

76. The Social Impact Assessment Study did not find any adverse impact on the livelihood of anyone. There is no commercial building along the sub-project alignment. It was found during site

visits, census survey and consultations that the 70 % of the alignment of approach road is passing through barren/ uncultivated, hillocks, land under thorny bushes/plants.

- 77. As found during the census survey and public consultation, no family will be relegated to the vulnerable position due to land donation for the sub-project. Out of 36 families, 17 families fall under vulnerable category. Though they fall under vulnerable category but as found during census survey, these vulnerable families are not totally dependent on agriculture and also have other sources of income. Even after land donation they are left with sufficient land over which cultivation can be done (refer table 1-4). Two WHH households are donating 2.86 % and 1.66 % of 3540.35 m² and 7586.86m² of land respectively. Among these two WHH households, one is getting pension as her husband passed away while performing duties in the Army and the family of second WHH is being financially taken care by her two sons who are running their private business outside U.T. Another vulnerable household is of a differently able person who is donating 3.99 % of 5057.65m² land and financial matters of this family is taken care by his sons since head is differently able.
- 78. Out of the total land donated, 09 families are donating only 0-4 per cent of their land, 03 families are donating 4-8 per cent of land, 03 families are donating 8-12 per cent of their land and only 01 family is donating 14.99 per cent of land There was no crop sown by the landowners on the land identified for the proposed alignment. Therefore, there would not be any adverse impact on the livelihood of the people. The execution of the sub-project will improve their socioeconomic conditions by providing better access to transport services, schools, and healthcare facilities.

7.4 IMPACT ON RELIGIOUS STRUCTURES AND CULTURAL PROPERTIES

79. No impact on any religious or cultural structure envisaged during the Social Impact Assessment.

7.5 IMPACT ON COMMON PROPERTY RESOURCES

80. No CPR is located along the sub-project alignment which will have any adverse impact upon it.

CHAPTER 8. MITIGATION MEASURES

81. The Social Impact Assessment study does not envisage any significant adverse impact of the sub-project i.e., there is no involuntary displacement and land acquisition. The required private land has been donated by the people in the presence of Gram Panchayat. Further, there is no temporary or permanent impact of any kind on the livelihood of people. Structures proposed shall be improved in the available government land. Technical department from PMU & PIU have made required modifications in design at initial stages to avoid negative impact as a part of mitigation measures. The Social Management Plan suggests the mitigation measures needs to be adopted during execution to deal with the envisaged and unanticipated impact of the sub-project.

8.1 OBJECTIVES

82. The main objective of the Social Management Plan is to mitigate the various adverse social impacts which may arise during the pre-construction, construction and post construction of the sub-project. The objective of SMP in preconstruction, construction & post construction stages are as follows:

8.1.1 Preconstruction Stage

83. To discuss the design and technical proposal with the stakeholders in order to know their suggestions and inputs. To inform them about the project, its funding, land requirements and policies and guidelines of funding agencies and applicable to the project.

8.1.2 Construction Stage

84. To ensure that the provision of the SMP (Social Management Plan) are strictly followed and implemented by strengthening implementation arrangement. To address the construction stage social impacts arising due to various project activities enroute the corridor and particularly at habitations through specific measures that need to be applied across and certain specific measures that shall be determined on a case-by-case basis.

8.1.3 Post construction Stage

85. To ensure that all the issues rose during construction stage shall be addressed properly. In case land and other assets utilized by the EA or contractor shall be restored to the satisfaction of communities and owners of that assets.

8.2 SCOPE

- 86. The Social Management Plan (SMP) in the sub-project consists of the set of mitigation, monitoring and institutional measures to be taken during the pre-construction, construction and operation stages of the project to minimize adverse social impacts, to offset them, or to reduce them to acceptable levels in accordance with the mitigation hierarchy. The plan also includes the actions needed for the implementation of these measures. The major components of the Social Management Plan are:
 - Mitigation of potentially adverse impacts;

- > Integration of SMP with Project in construction and operation phases;
- Institutional Capacity Building and Training;
- Monitoring during project implementation and operations;

8.3 CONTEXT FOR THE SMP

87. This Social Management Plan is based on the Social Impact Assessment study during which site visits carried out in the project corridor, meeting was done with people and project design was discussed and evaluated on the ground. The required lands have been donated by the land donors in the presence of the Gram Sabha. There would be no impact on the structure either private, government, or on CPRs and religious property. The same has been confirmed by the PIU in number of meetings which took place during the social impact assessment with them. There can be few temporary impacts due to construction activities and to address these impacts, a Social Management Plan has been prepared which lays down mitigation measures that need to implement for any impact on site. SMP will be implemented by the contractor under the supervision of PMU & PIU, JTFRP.

8.4 METHODOLOGY FOR SMP PREPARATION

- 88. The comprehensive approach followed for the preparation of Social Management plan. It involves following key steps and processes.
 - Screening of social impacts during the SIA study;
 - Public consultation with the stakeholders;
 - Discussion of Technical Proposal with the stakeholders;
 - ➤ Development of measures aimed at avoiding, mitigating and offsetting or reducing impacts to levels that are socially accepted during implementation and operation of the project road.

8.5 KEY SOCIAL ISSUES AND IMPACTS THAT MAY ARISE DURING CONSTRUCTION STAGE

- > Drying up of seasonal springs or streams due to construction works.
- > Dust emissions during construction leading to impacts on crops and trees resulting in lower yield or growth.
- ➤ Possibility of gender-based violence arising from influx of migrant labour for construction works.
- Likelihood of spread of HIV/AIDS among construction workers.

8.6 SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

89. Based on the findings and issues identified during SIA study, Social Management Plan has been prepared for the sub-project **Table 8-1**. The mitigation measures for the potential impacts are presented in form of a matrix according to the sequential flow of activities in the project life cycle. These measures would be further updated by contractor during the implementation of the SMP.

Table 8-1: Social Management Plan

S.No.	Project Phase/A ctivity	Issues/ Potential impacts	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Responsibility	Monitoring Agency/ Frequency
Plant	•	onstruction Phase			oq woney
1	Pre- constru ction phase	 Sharing of design with the community. Strengthening of trust between contractor and the community. Provision of alternative access to the community for commuting wherever required. Utilization of private land temporarily. Restoration and relocation of Common Property Resources, if any. 	 Consultation with local community and stakeholder's engagement. Written consent from community or owner of the land required for stocking construction material temporarily. Involving locals (Gram Sabha) wherever any issues arise. 		PIU
Cons	truction Pl		<u> </u>	<u>ı</u>	
2	Influx of labour	 Construction Camp Design and Lay-out. Conflict with community due to social and cultural difference with the host community. Potential impact of spreading infectious 	 Minimize labour influx as much as possible by engaging local population. Ensure separate labour camps for the labor (Away from religious places and localities to the extent possible). Introducing code of conduct for labourers; Awareness on the health and sanitation for the labor. Ensure least contact between the host community and the labour. Awareness on sexual assault & drug abuse. 		PIU/ PMU Monthly Monitoring

S.No. Proj Phas ctiv	e/A	Issues/ Potential impacts		Proposed Mitigation Measures	Responsibility	Monitoring Agency/ Frequency
		 Access restriction to CPRs Obstruction of old routes/ streets/walk ways Dumping of construction material around the construction site and impact on agricultural land 	•	Ensuring no restriction in access to the newly constructed cremation ground. Provision of R/ B Walls wherever required to minimize the land erosion. Contractor will not dump any construction material in any private land.	Contractor	PIU/ PMU Monthly Monitoring
		Facilities for the Labour in camp and on worksite	•	Providing accommodation facilities to the migrant labours with proper ventilations. Provision for safe drinking water and appropriate cooking arrangement at labour camps; Provision of Separate toilet and bathing facilities for men and women Provision of medical facility which includes first aid kit at the camp site and also ambulance facility to take patients to hospital in case of emergency. Proper drainage facility at camp site along with water sewerage treatment facilities. No waste water should be discharge to any surrounding area without required permission and proper treatment. Provision of prayer rooms as per the	Contractor	PIU/ PMU Monthly Monitoring

S.No. Proje Phase ctivi	/A	Potential impacts		Proposed Mitigation Measures	Responsibility	Monitoring Agency/ Frequency
			•	religious beliefs of the workers. Safe storage facilities for the gas cylinder, petroleum and other chemicals, used by labourers. Proper solid waste collection and disposal system at the camp site. The camp should have proper security arrangements, like Security fence. Preparing a code of conduct for the migrant workers. Conducting awareness programme about sexually transmitted diseases among the migrant workers, laborers and for community around project site; Awareness program on COVID-19. Provision of hand sanitizer, masks in the labor camps. Provision a separate accommodation for COVID-19 infected labours or personal engaged by the contractor. Provision of crèche on site for children. Training programs for construction workers in basic sanitation and health care issues (e.g., how to avoid malaria and transmission of		

S.No.	Project Phase/A ctivity	Issues/ Potential impacts	Proposed Mitigation Responsik Measures	Monitoring Agency/ Frequency
			sexually transmitted infections (STI) HIV/AIDS. • Labour Registration. • Awareness program for labour rights • No employment of child labour.	
		Registration of Complaints received from labour.	 Arrangement to register and redress grievance of workers. Grievance Redressal System for the project to address such issues including sexual harassment at the workplace 	Monthly Monitoring
		 Equality of opportunity to work. Equal Pay for equal work Preference to the Women Laborers 	 To be ensured throughout project cycle. Maintenance of payment registers by the contractor. 	tor, PIU/ PMU Monthly Monitoring
3	Comm unity Health and Safety	Injury & sickness due to construction work and movement of heavy vehicles, contamination or other natural or human-made hazards.	 Provision of access to the community, shops, religious places during construction phase. Better marking and signage. Provision of alternative transportation route for vehicles and ambulances wherever required. Undertaking regular surveillance at site to check on Hygiene conditions for disease control. Creating mass awareness on HIV and STDs and COVID-19. Ensure least contact between the labour and the local population. 	Monthly Monitoring

S.No.	Project Phase/A ctivity	Issues/ Potential impacts	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Responsibility	Monitoring Agency/ Frequency
			 Sharing grievance redressal system with the community and displaying contact numbers at site to register any grievances due to the project. No contamination of water bodies due to stocking of construction material etc. Safeguarding pedestrians' safety including women, children. During construction of side drains provide temporary/safe access to shops, kids, hospital/clinic, religious places etc. Community Consultation 		
4	Occupa tional health and safety	 Injury and sickness of labour Facilities for labour at work site 	 Provide training on health and safety to all the workers. Provide PPE to workers as per work requirement. Regular checking of body temperature and other symptoms among the labourers for COVID-19 and maintaining a register. Awareness program on COVID-19. Provision of hand sanitizer, masks in the labor camps and on the sites. Displaying of COVID-19 help line numbers on site as well as in labor camps. 	Contractor	PIU/ PMU Monthly Monitoring

S.No.	Project Phase/A ctivity	Issues/ Potential impacts	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Responsibility	Monitoring Agency/ Frequency
			 Provide separate toilets for male and female labur at the construction site Provide safe drinking water at the construction site. Providing a separate resting area at the site for breaks during the work period. Provide adequate lighting in the construction area and along the roads. Conduct an initial health screening of the labourers working at construction site, especially those who are coming from outside the project area. Provide first aid facility at the construction site Provide HIV awareness programming, including STI (Sexually Transmitted Infections) and HIV information, education and communication for all workers on regular basis. Community Consultation 		
5	Gender Based Violenc e	 Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA) Workplace Sexual Harassment Human Trafficking 	 Awareness program for the Contractors, Local Communities and labourers on national laws. Displaying of various legal provisions on site, in labour camps and at prominent locations in 	Contractor	PIU/ PMU Monthly Monitoring

S.No.	Project Phase/A ctivity	Issues/ Potential impacts	Proposed Mitigation Responsibil Measures	ity Monitoring Agency/ Frequency
			 the project area. Ensure that complaints of GBV registered and maintain a register maintaining the anonymity of the complainant. Strict code of conduct for workers with no tolerance for physical or verbal abuse of women or children. Community Consultation. 	
6	Constructi	Handing over temporarily used private/ community land to the landholders/ community by the contractor without restoration work and payment of dues/ lease amount. Non-Removal of debris and other construction material from the site.	 Consultation with the private party or Community and restoration of their land. Removing left over construction material from the site. Payment of lease amount/rent, if any due, to the private party or community for utilization of their resources. 	PIU/PMU Within one Month

CHAPTER 9. GENDER ACTION PLAN

9.1 STATUS OF WOMEN IN J&K

- 90. Women constitute around 47% of the total population of the State. The development of women, no doubt, has been a part of the development planning process right from inception of Five-Year Plans but the shift in approach from welfare to development toward women took place in a focused manner in the 6th and 7th Five Year Plans. The 8th Five Year Plan promised to ensure that benefits of development do not by-pass women. The 9th Five Year Plan changed the strategy for women from development to empowerment and emphasis on preparation of separate Women Component Plan (WCP) by identifying specific Schemes/Projects having direct bearing on welfare and development of Women. The 10th Five Year Plan further strengthened the implementation of Women Component Plan (WCP).
- 91. Moreover, the Women and Child Development Department in the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment has also enjoined upon the states to monitor closely the flow of benefits of various schemes for the empowerment of women on regular basis. These initiatives have helped in improving the status of women in various spheres to a great extent, but the imbalance still exists which needs to be addressed over the years. The 11th Plan had taken numerous steps forward. However, the targets set out could be only partially achieved. In the 12th plan, the Government's priority would be to consolidate the existing initiatives and interventions relating to women, build upon the achievements and also move beyond to respond to new challenges. Female population of J&K State slashed down from 47.15% of the total population in 2001 to 46.88% in 2011. As per details from Census 2011, Jammu and Kashmir has population of 1.25 Crore souls over the figure of 1.01 Crore in 2001 census. Total population of Jammu and Kashmir as per 2011 census is 12,548,926 of which male and female are 6,665,561 and 5,883,365 respectively indicating a reduced sex ratio of 883. The corresponding figures of male and female as per Census 2001 were 5,360,926 and 4,782,774 respectively indicating sex ratio of 892. Sex ratio (females per thousand of males) is an important indicator of the social conditions particularly with respect to women's status in any society.
- 92. Low sex ratio shows indulgence of artificial interventions, distorting the biological trend and natural balance in terms of number of females per thousand males. An important concern in the present status of Jammu and Kashmir's demographic transition relates to adverse sex ratio. The sex-ratio as per census 2011 was 883 which is a matter of great concern and needs to be addressed on priority. Education of the women is very effective tool for women's empowerment not only from the point of view of literacy, but it has inter-linkage with other social parameters viz. population growth, health care, education of children etc. It enables rural women to acquire new knowledge and technology, required for improving and developing their tasks in all fields, besides availing new opportunities and combating emerging challenges of dynamic society.
- 93. Female education is essential for higher standards of health and improved "maternal competence" which leads to lower infant mortality. It also raises women's economic productivity. Despite its linkage to so many positive outcomes and the progress made over the past 50 years, female literacy remains low in J&K State as compared to men. Jammu and Kashmir's literacy rate

has increased by 13% in the last decade i.e., from 55% in 2001 Census to 68% in the 2011 Census. While female literacy has increased from 42.22% in 2001 Census to 58.01% in 2011. Gender differential still exists both in rural and urban areas, but it is comparatively higher in rural areas. This can be attributed to a number of factors viz., lack of access to schools, parents feeling insecure about sending girl children to schools, their engagement in agricultural and other domestic activities etc. Though, still being at a disadvantageous position, the women folk are breaking the barriers/shackles to get equal share in the basic human rights. With higher growth rate than male literacy, the goal is expected to be achieved in near future.

9.2 LEGAL PROVISION RELATED TO WOMEN IN J&K

- > J&K Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2010
- > Jammu and Kashmir Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2013
- > State Commission for Women Act, 1999

9.3 STRATEGY

a) Suggestive Actions to be taken in the sub-project

- Ensure participation of vulnerable groups in the project activities.
- Ensuring facilities in construction camps.
- Carrying out other responsibilities towards vulnerable groups.

b) Suggestions for increasing the Women's Participation in the sub-project

- Allow women to take part in the consultation process.
- ➤ Ensure that the women are consulted and invited to participate in group-based activities, to gain access and control over the resources.
- Encourage women to evaluate the project outputs from their point of view and their useful suggestions should be noted for taking necessary actions for further modifications in the project creating better and congenial situation for increasing participation from women.
- > Devise ways to make other vulnerable to participate in the project activities

c) Involvement during Construction

➤ Wherever possible, women's involvement in construction activities should be encouraged in order to help them have access to benefits of project activities.

d) Ensuring Facilities in Construction Camps

- 94. Foreseeing the involvement of women, both direct and indirect in the construction activities, PMU, PIU & PMC shall ensure certain measures that are required to be taken by the construction contractor towards welfare and well- being of women and children during the construction phase such as:
 - ➤ **Temporary Housing:** During the construction the families of laborers/workers should be provided with residential accommodation suitable to nuclear families.

- ➤ Health Centre: Health problems of the workers should be taken care of by providing basic health care facilities as and when required.
- ➤ Day Crèche Facilities: It is expected that among the women workers there will be mothers with infants and small children. Provision of a day crèche may solve the problems of such women, who can leave behind their children in such a crèche and work for the day in the construction activities. If the construction work involves women in its day-night schedules, the provision of such a crèche should be made available on a 24-hour basis.
- ➤ Proper Scheduling of Construction Works: Owing to the demand of a fast construction work, it is expected that a 24 hours-long work-schedule would be in operation. Engaging women labour during night services should be avoided by the project or can be permitted only after getting written request from the women labour. In this case crèche facilities in the construction camps must be extended to them in the night.
- ➤ Control on Child Labour: Minors, i.e., persons below the age of 14 years, should be restricted from getting involved in the constructional activities. It will be the responsibility of Social and Environmental experts of PMU, JTFRP to ensure that no child labourer is engaged in the activities. PMU& PIU shall keep strong vigilance to ensure cessation of such exploitation.

9.4 AVOIDING GENDER BASED VIOLENCE

- 95. The contractor will prepare and implement robust measures to address the risk of gender-based violence that include:
 - ➤ Mandatory and repeated training and awareness-raising for the workforce about refraining from unacceptable conduct toward local community members, specifically women;
 - informing workers about national laws that make sexual harassment and gender-based violence a punishable offense which is prosecuted;
 - ➤ introducing a Worker Code of Conduct as part of the employment contract and including sanctions for non-compliance (e.g., termination), and contractors adopting a policy to cooperate with law enforcement agencies in investigating complaints about gender-based violence.

9.5 LABOR MANAGEMENT

96. Since the construction activities are mostly labour intensive by nature, therefore, it is also envisaged that both local and migrant labour shall be employed by the project. These migrant laborers will be accommodated in a temporary campsite within the project area if engaged.

9.6 OBJECTIVES

97. The influx of migrant labour will have both negative and positive impacts on the nearby community and local environment. The labour will be accommodated in a temporary campsite within the project area which can have a significant interface with the host community. The influx

of migrant workers would lead to a transient increase of population in the immediate vicinity of the project area for a limited time. This would put pressure on the local resources such as roads, fuel for cooking, water, etc. Hence, a plan has been designed to demonstrate the:

- Potential impacts associated with influx on the host population and receiving environment are minimized;
- Provision of safe and healthy working conditions, and a comfortable environment for migrant labour; and
- ➤ To ensure compliance with the national labour laws, including guidance provided on latest COVID 19 epidemics in the country.

9.7 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 98. All migrant workers are envisaged to be accommodated in a proper temporary campsite within the project area. If migrant workers are accompanied by their families, provisions should be made accordingly. As per the National Acts, the inclusion of requirements for labour camp to be established by contractors during construction phase of the project. Contractor(s) shall ensure implementation of the following measures to minimize the potential negative impacts of worker accommodation and workers on local communities:
 - ➤ Cleanliness and Sanitization: Pest extermination, vector control, and disinfection are to be carried out throughout the living facilities in compliance with local requirements and/or good practice. In light of the COVID-19 outbreak and increased risks to community health and safety and occupational health and safety, the contractor needs to put in place measures required to deal with COVID-19.
 - ➤ Complaints and incident reporting: A formal Complaints Procedure will be implemented to ensure timely and transparent response to complaints as received from labour.
 - ➤ **Labour education:** The workforce will be sensitized to local social and cultural practices through the provision of an induction course for all employees that stipulates expected behaviour;
 - ➤ Labour behaviour in the campsite provided: A Code of Behaviour governing appropriate behaviour in the accommodation facilities to be kept in place and to be strictly enforced. The contractor shall ensure implementation of the "rules of engagement" between labourers living in campsite and community and shall be implemented by construction contractors for all engaged labourers.
 - ➤ Labour Compensation and Accommodation: JTFRP shall ensure that labourers are provided with benefits such as leave, weekly rest day, etc. Accommodation to be provided for the construction labour which covers facilities (including catering facilities, dining areas, washing and laundry facilities, etc.) and supporting utilities.

9.8 HIRING & RECRUITMENT PROCEDURES

> The manpower wherever possible, shall be locally recruited by the contractor. The

- following general measures shall be considered for the workforce during their employment tenure:
- ➤ The implementing agency in consultation with the PMU will include a code of conduct relating to the accommodation to be signed with the contract document of contractors.
- The contractor shall not employ any person below the age of 18 years nor will have any forced labour; The construction labourers will be provided with documented information regarding their rights under national labour and employment law such as but not limited to Factories Act, Minimum Wages Act, 1948 Trade Unions Act, and Workmen's Compensation Act; 1923
- First priority for employment of labour should be given those impacted by the project such as landowners who have lost land / donated land;
- ➤ No discrimination shall be done by the construction contractor with respect to recruitment and hiring, compensation (including wages and benefits), working conditions and terms of employment, access to training, job assignment, termination of employment or retirement, and disciplinary practices;
- ➤ The contractor to ensure that work hours are set at eight hours a day, 48 hours a week, with a weekly rest day for all engaged labour;
- Every labour is entitled to a maximum of only two hours a day as Overtime (OT) work. OT pay is twice the hourly remuneration;
- The project will ensure that equal wages for male and female workers for work of equal nature or value is maintained;
- A grievance redressal mechanism for workers to be put in place by the contractor to raise workplace concerns. The workers to be informed about the grievance mechanism at the time of recruitment; and
- ➤ The Contractor to ensure that they develop and implement a procedure to review the performance of their sub-contractors.
- ➤ The procedure developed should include regular inspection of the camp sites, maintaining information pertaining to labour sourced by sub-contractors;

9.9 WORKER'S ACCOMMODATION

- ➤ The EA have to supervise and monitor the activities performed by their contractor and accommodation facilities provided in the campsite. The following measures shall be provided:
- ➤ The labourers to provide with accommodation made of insulating material and locally available building material, etc. along with storage of personal belongings;
- ➤ The migrant workers with families will be provided with individual accommodation comprising bedroom, sanitary and cooking facilities;

- ➤ The units to be supported by common latrines and bathing facilities duly segregated for male and female labour; A minimum of 1 unit to 15 males and 1 unit for 10 females shall be provided.
- The contractor shall provide a canteen facility with facility to cook food of appropriate nutritional value respecting religious/cultural backgrounds;
- ➤ All doors and windows shall be lockable and mobile partitions/curtains shall be provided for privacy;
- > Dust bins to be provided for collection of garbage and to be removed on a daily basis;
- > It is also required to provide first aid box in adequate numbers; and
- ➤ Ventilation should be appropriate for the climatic conditions and provide workers with a comfortable and healthy environment to rest and spend their spare time.

9.10 SECURITY

- The contractors shall put in place the following security measures to ensure the safety of the workers. The following measures shall be incorporated:
- Access to the campsite shall be limited to the residing workforce;
- The contractor shall be responsible for deploying an adequate number of guards;
- Adequate, day-time night-time lighting shall be provided;
- The security personnel shall be provided with training to respect the community traditions and in dealing with, use of force, etc.; and
- ➤ The rental accommodation shall be provided with firefighting equipment and portable fire extinguishers.

9.11 PROVISIONS FOR DRINKING WATER

- Access to an adequate and convenient supply of free potable water is a necessity for workers. The domestic water conforming to the IS 10500:2012 supply shall be made available by the contractor.
- > The direct usage of water from bore well should not be allowed;
- The Contractor(s) should regularly monitor the quality of drinking water. In case of noncompliance with the Drinking Water Specifications, additional treatment shall be provided, or alternative sources of water supply shall be arranged; and
- ➤ All storage container of drinking water to be monitored from becoming polluted or Contaminated.

9.12 COOKING ARRANGEMENTS

- ➤ Places for food preparation are designed to permit good food hygiene practices, including protection against contamination between and during food preparation;
- Adequate personal hygiene including a sufficient number of washbasins designated for

cleaning hands with clean, running water; and

- All kitchen floors, ceiling and wall surfaces adjacent to or above food preparation and cooking areas are built using durable, non-absorbent, easily cleanable, non-toxic materials;
- Food preparation tables are equipped with a smooth, durable, easily cleanable, non-corrosive surface made of non-toxic materials.
- ➤ To ensure that the fuel need of labourers in the project area does not interfere with the local requirements, necessary arrangements for supply of fuel to the labourers shall be done by the contractor.

9.13 WASTE WATER GENERATION

- There will of generation of wastewater from the campsite. About 80% of water used shall be generated as sewage/wastewater.
- ➤ Contractors to ensure that the campsite is equipped with the septic tank and soak pit for disposal of sewage. It is also recommended that the storm water and sewage system should be separate. The surface water drainage shall include all necessary gutters, down pipes, gullies, traps, catch pits, manholes, etc.
- Sanitary and toilet facilities are constructed of materials that are easily cleanable. Sanitary and toilet facilities are required to be cleaned frequently and kept in working condition.

9.14 MEDICAL FACILITIES

The following medical facilities shall be provided by contractors for the construction workers:

- A first aid centre shall be provided for the labour within the construction site equipped with medicines and other basic facilities;
- Adequate first aid kits shall be provided in the campsite in an accessible place. The kit shall contain all type of medicines and dressing material;
- Regular health check-ups shall be carried out for the construction labourers every six month and health records shall be maintained;
- Labours should have easy access to medical facilities and first aider; where possible, nurses should be available for female workers;
- First aid kits are adequately stocked. Where possible a 24/7 first aid service/facility is available.
- An adequate number of staff/workers is trained to provide first aid.

CHAPTER 10. GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISM

- 99. For addressing the grievances of aggrieved person/Project Affected People/Land donors, Project will adopt a Grievance Redressal Mechanism which will ensure that PAPs/aggrieved person shall be provided best solutions to their grievances if any.
- In order to address people's grievances related to land acquisition, resettlement and rehabilitation or any other social issue arising out of the project related activities; executing agency will establish two bodies, one at a local level (site level) and another at District level. In case, the grievances are not resolved at these two levels, then it will be forwarded to R&R Committee at Divisional level for this project which will be established under the Divisional Commissioner, Jammu/Srinagar. The grievances will be registered at Project site. The local level grievance committee will try to resolve the case in maximum 14 days. In case the aggrieved person is not satisfied with the decision delivered at local level or the grievance/s are not resolved, the same shall be forwarded to the district level committee, headed by District Collector. No grievance can be kept pending for more than a month which means the committee has to meet every month. Executing Agency through PMU, JTFRP will monitor the implementation of the decision of the committee. In case the aggrieved party is not satisfied with the proposed redressal measures, it can approach the Divisional level redressal Committee, headed by Divisional Commissioner, Jammu/Srinagar. If aggrieved party is not satisfied with the decision delivered or committee is not successful in resolving the grievance/s, they can approach the court of law on their own expenses. The committees' composition is detailed below:

10.1 COMPOSITION OF GRIEVANCE REDRESS COMMITTEE (GRC)

10.1.1 Grievance Redress Committee at Local Level:

- 101. This committee/cell will work at local level i.e., site level. This will be comprising of the following members:
 - 1. Engineer from PMU
 - 2. Assistant Executive Engineer (PIU)
 - 3. Site Engineer (PIU)
 - 4. Local Revenue officer
 - 5. Social Safeguard Officer
 - 6. Ward Member/Halqa Panchayat member
 - 7. Women representative (Retired Officer/ Academicians / Development Professional)

10.1.2 Grievance Redress Committee at District Level:

- 102. In case grievance/s are not addressed at local level or PAP/ aggrieved person is not satisfied with the decision delivered at local level, he/she can approach to the grievance redressal committee constituted at district level. The following will be the composition of the committee.
 - 1. District Collector
 - 2. Director/Head PIU (Convener)

- 3. Nodal officer of the Project Component (PMU)
- 4. Nodal Officer (Social Safeguards, PMU)
- 5. Representative of PRIs
- 6. A Prominent Women (Retired Officer/Academicians/Development Professional)
- 7. A senior representative of SC/ST Welfare Board

10.1.3 Division Level Redressal Committee (DLC):

103. In case, grievance/s are not addressed at local and district level, the same will be forwarded to the Divisional Level Redressal Committee through PMU. The committee will provide a major platform to people who might have objections with respect to the decisions taken at the two previous levels. The committee will look into the grievances of the people and will assign responsibilities to implement the decisions of the committee. This Committee (after formation) will be convened by the Chief Executive Officer, ERA/JTFRP and headed by Divisional Commissioner Jammu/Srinagar. This committee should meet every quarter to solve any grievance/s and will take decision within 03 months of receiving the grievance/complaint. Nodal Officer (Social Safeguards) will coordinate the meetings. This committee will also provide policy related directions to the Grievance Redressal Committee and the participating departments with regard to land acquisition and resettlement and rehabilitation.

104. The following will be the composition of the committee:

- 1. Divisional Commissioner, (Chair)
- 2. Chief Executive Officer, JPFRP/JK ERA (Convener)
- 3. Heads of participating departments
- 4. Director Technical (PMU/JTFRP)
- 5. A senior representative, one each from BC & EBC and SC & ST Welfare
- 6. A senior representative of the revenue department
- 7. A senior representative of the Disaster Management Department
- 8. Social Safeguard Specialist (Nodal officer, PMU)
- 9. A prominent woman representative (Retired/Development Professional /Academician)
- 10. A PRI representative
- 11. A representative of PAPs who can articulate well

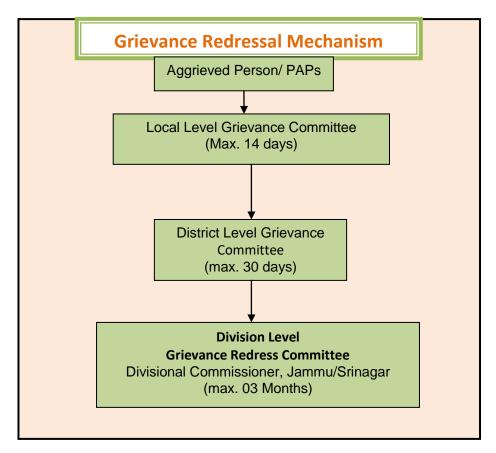


Figure 5: Flow chart of GRC

10.2 APPROACH TO GRC

- 105. Project Affected Person/aggrieved party can approach to GRC for redress of their grievances through any of the following modes-
 - ✓ **Web based:** The grievance corner will be provided at the website of PIU so that affected person can register their complaint online.
 - ✓ **Telecom based:** If needed a toll-free number will be issued by the PMU/ PIU so that affected people can register their complaints through telephone / mobile phone to the PIU/PMU office.
 - ✓ **Through LGC:** The LGC will collect the problems & issues of the community or affected persons and pass on the same to PIU / PMU and try to resolve. A grievance register will be maintained by the contractor/PIU at each site office. Phone number of concerned engineers shall be displayed at the site so that aggrieved person can contact the concerned site engineer in case of emergency.
 - ✓ **Through PMU:** PAPs/aggrieved party can register/file grievance/s directly to the PMU also. PMU will en route the same through PIU to the site engineer who will try to resolve it within the stipulated time and rest process will follow.
- 106. Besides the grievance redress mechanism of JTFRP, state has online grievance monitoring system known as Awaz-A-Awam (People's voice). The PAPs can also lodge their grievance online at http://www.jkgrievance.nic.in.

10.3 LEGAL OPTIONS TO AGGRIEVED PERSONS/PAPS

107. In case PAPs are not satisfied with the decision of GRC at local/district level and Divisional Level committee, they are free to approach the court of law on their own will and expenses at any time to redress their grievance/s. General public and PAPs specifically will be informed about Grievance/s redress committee and mechanism through public consultations, disclosures, and distribution of PIBs.

CHAPTER 11. MONITORING AND EVALUATION

- 108. A project steering committee will be set up for the overall strategy guidance and monitoring of the project. It will be headed by Chief Secretary and will comprise of all involved line departments and additionally departments of planning, environment, and social welfare. A Project Management Unit (PMU) for the project housed in Jammu & Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) will be responsible for overall management of the "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP). The PMU will be headed by Chief Executive Officer and will be responsible for the project coordination, reporting, technical assistance, monitoring and budgeting of all the components. The Social Development Specialists in PMU will provide assistance and support for addressing all safeguard related issues during documentation and execution.
- 109. The Chief Executive Officer (JKERA/JTFRP) will be overall responsible for implementation of the project. The CEO will have administrative and financial powers for the implementation of the project including implementation of Social Management Plan. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) will be supported by Director Technical, Director Planning and Coordination, Director Disaster management, AEEs and Social Development Specialist. The PMU will be responsible for providing overall policy guidance, training and capacity building support to PIU and the contractor in order to compliance with World Bank's Safeguard Policy and applicable laws to the U.T and other acts, notifications, guidelines etc. Social Development Specialist at PMU will ensure that all social safeguards issues are complied with as detailed out in SMP. Social issues will be coordinated by Social Development Specialist (SDS) within the PMU. PMU will be assisted by Project Management Consultants (Technical Assistance and Quality Audit Consultants) for technical support and advise, developing the GIS based reporting and monitoring system and result monitoring and impact evaluation etc.

11.1 10.1 IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENT

110. Project Implementation Unit of JK ERA, headed by Project Manager to the level of Superintending Engineer shall be responsible for execution of the civil works. For social safeguards documentation, implementation of Resettlement plan and Social Management Plans, there is a separate section in JK ERA which is headed by the Director Safeguards. Director Safeguards is assisted by the Social Safeguards Specialist in documentation and ensuring compliance to the WB guidelines.

CHAPTER 12. MONITORING AND EVALUATION

111. Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) has always been an important aspect of infrastructure projects where land acquisition is involved. Monitoring is periodical checking of planned activities, which provides midway inputs, facilitate changes, if necessary and provides feedback to Project Authority for better management of project activities. It helps in making suitable changes and modifications in safeguard documents during the course of project implementation. Evaluation on the other hand assesses whether the activities have actually achieved intended goal and objectives. Thus, monitoring and evaluation are critical in order to measure the project

performance and fulfilment of project objectives.

112. Monitoring would be carried out for regular assessment to follow the progress of SMP implementation. The monitoring of SMP implementation will be done at internal level.

12.1 INTERNAL MONITORING

- 113. As indicated in ESMF, the impact of the subproject on social aspects will be monitored by PMU, where Social Development Specialist is the key responsible person to guide and oversee implementation of SMP at PIU level. The Social Safeguard Officer of PIU, who is responsible for SMP implementation will assist SDS, PMU to carry out the regular monitoring of the social safeguards in the field.
- 114. SMP implementation will be closely monitored by the PIU on a regular basis for assessing its implementation progress and identifying any potential difficulties in addressing the issues. PIU will prepare monthly progress report and then submit the same to PMU. In addition, the monitoring process will also look into the communication and reactions of community and affected people, implementation of grievances redressal mechanism, information dissemination to community on regular basis. Report prepared by PIU will be compiled by the PMU on a biannual basis for its due submissions to the World Bank.

12.2 EXTERNAL MONITORING

115. Semi-annual Environment and Social Audit of SMP implementation will be carried out by Technical Assistance and Quality Audit Consultants (TAQAC).

Annexures

Annexure I: ESSR Data Sheets

ANNEXURE I: ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL SCREENING FORM

1. Name of the sub-project	Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah at Ramnagar in Udhampur.			
2. Type of proposed activity (tick	the applicable option and provide details)			
• Road	V			
 Bridge 	V			
Fire Station	-			
 Hospital/Health Facility 	-			
Educational Institute	-			
Building for Livelihoods	-			
Flood Infrastructure Related	-			
Other Public Building	-			
Any Other (Please Specify)	-			
3. Location of the proposed sub-	project			
Name of the Region	Jammu (J&K SU.T)			
Name of the District	Udhampur			
Name of the Block	Ramnagar			
Name of the Settlement	Barsoa, Katheel Ganjoo, Pathri, Plaran, Sanetar			
Latitude	32*49'45"N			
Longitude	75*12'6"E			
4a. Proposed Nature of Work (tie	ck the applicable options)			
Minor Repairs	-			
Major Repairs/Rehabilitation	5			
Upgrading/Major Improvement	<u></u>			
Expansion of the facility	5			

New Construction	٧				
Any Other	-				
4b. Size of the sub-project (approx. area in sq. mt/hac or length in mt/km, as relevant)	1X 58.0 mtr span motorable double bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 1X 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Patri over Barmeen Nallah Ramnagar including (2000+2500) mt approach roads on both sides.				
5. Land Requirement (in hac./sq	.mt.)				
Private Land	9027.58 sq.mt				
Govt. Land	3287.29 sq. mt				
Shamlat deh land	2376.84 sq mt.				
Kacharai land	3565.62 sq mt.				
Total requirement of land	18258.04 sqm				
6. Implementing Agency Details	(sub-project level)				
Name of the Department/Agency	J&K ERA (Jammu)				
Name of the contact person	Er. Ashok Kumar Kokhar.				
Designation	Superintending Engineer (Project Manager)				
Contact Number	9419253376				
E-mail Id	pmtransportera@gmail.com				
7. Screening Exercise Details					
Date on which it was carried out	30/08/2018 & 11/11/2018				
Name of the Person	Vikash Sharma/ Charanjeet Singh				
Contact Number	+919419125803, +91 9419893392				
E-mail Id	jkerasocial@gmail.com jcharan.sim@gmail.com				

Part B (1): Environment Screening

S.	Question	Yes No	Details	
l	1		I .	

۷o.						
1.	 Is the sub-project located in whole or part within 1 km of the following environmentally sensitive areas? 					
a.	Biosphere Reserve		No			
b.	National Park		No			
c.	Wildlife/Bird Sanctuary		No			
d.	Wildlife/Bird Reserve		No			
e.	Important Bird Areas (IBAs)		No			
f.	Habitat of migratory birds (outside protected areas)		No			
g.	Breeding/Foraging/Migrator y route of Wild Animals (outside protected areas)		No			
h.	Area with threatened/rare/ endangered fauna (outside protected areas)		No			
i.	Area with threatened/rare/ endangered flora (outside protected areas)		No			
j.	Reserved/Protected Forest		No			
k.	Other category of Forest		No			
1.	Wetland		No			
m.	Natural Lakes		No			
n.	Rivers/Streams	Yes		Two Bridges are proposed to be constructed over Barmeen Nallah and Ghordi nallah.		
o.	Swamps/Mudflats		No			
p.	Zoological Park		No			
q.	Botanical Garden		No			

	sensitive features?	22	00	
а	World Heritage Sites	N	0	
b	Archaeological monuments/ sites (under ASI's central/state list)	N	o	
С	Historic Places/Monuments/ Buildings/Other Assets (not listed under ASI list but considered locally important or carry a sentimental value)	N	D	
d	Religious Places (regionally or locally important)	N	o	
e	Reservoirs/Dams	N	D	
f	Canals	N	o	
g	Public Water Supply Areas from Rivers/Surface Water Bodies/Ground Water Sources	N	o	
4	What is the High Flood Level in the 6 sub-project area?	i.0 mtr	above the	nallah bed for both the nallahs
5	Is any scheduled/protected tree like Chinar, Mulberry or Deodar likely to be affected/ cut due to the project?	N	D	
6	Is the sub-project located in a landslide/heavy erosion prone area or affected by such a problem?	N	D .	
7	Is sub-project located in an area that faces water paucity or water quality issues?	N	D	
Part	B (2) : Result/Outcome of Environmen	ntal Sc	reening Ex	ercise
1.	Environment Impact Assessment			No
2.	Environment Clearance Required			No

3.	Forest land Clearance/Diversion	No
4.	Tree Cutting Permission Required	65 non-forestry trees are involved. Permission if required will be taken from concerned at the appropriate time.
5.	ASI (Centre/State) Permission Required	No
6.	Permission from ULB/Local Body/Department Required	No
7	Any other clearance/permission required	Only Statutory clearances and NOC's / PUC's for establishment or operation of stone crushers, generators, vehicles etc. shall be required to be obtained by the Contractor during execution stage.

Part C (1): Social Screening

Yes		No	
Give the following details:	Private Land (sqmts/ha	c.)	9027.58 sq.mt
	Govt. Land (sqmts/had	:.)	2528.8 sq. mt.
	Shamlat Deh (sqmts/h	ac.)	3059.83 sq mt.
	Kacharai (sqmts/hac.)		3565.62 sq mt.
Total I	and required for sub-pro	iect	18258.04 sq. metrs
2. Does the proposed structures?	ub-project activity result	in demolition/remo	val of existing
	ub-project activity result	in demolition/remo	val of existing
structures?			
structures? Yes	ls:		
Yes If so, give the following detai	ls: s/buildings ty resources (such as	No	

61

3. Does the pro	posed project activity result in loss of	crops/trees?	
Yes	65 non-forestry trees are involved.	No	
4. Does the pro	posed project activity result in loss of	direct livelihood/	employment?
Yes		No	✓
	posed activity result in loss of commu cal population are dependent?	ınity forest/pastu	res on which
Yes		No	✓
If yes, give the detail lost (in acres/hac)	s of the extent of area to be		
6. Does the pro	posed project activity affect schedule	d tribe/caste com	munities?
Yes		No	✓
If yes, give the detail lost (in acres/hac)	s of the extent of area to be		Ļ

Part C (2): Result/Outcome of Social Screening Exercise

S. No.	Result/Outcome	Outcome	Remarks
1.	Answer to any question is 'Yes' and some private and government land is being acquired	No	all the land holders have given the consent for voluntary donation of land;
2.	Answer to any question is 'Yes' and the sub- project does not affect more than 200 people (i.e. either complete or partial loss of assets and/or livelihood)	No	hence no ARAP will be prepared
3.	Answer to any question is 'Yes' and the sub- project affects more than 200 people (i.e. either complete or partial loss of assets and/or livelihood)	DACROSS	

Overall Screening Outcome: The proposed sub-project will not have any significant environmental impact because the project will not involve diversion of forest land, destruction of ecological resources and major Environmental threat/risk. The proposed sub-project requires private land, Kacharai and Shamilat Deh, and govt. land. Land donation deeds and consent from people/communities has been obtained. Since the required land has been donated by notarized consent, therefore no ARAP is required. Any future unforeseen impact etc. will be dealt

according to approved ESMF.

Statutory Clearances/ No Objection Certificate

Only Statutory clearances and NOC's / PUC's for establishment or operation of stone crushers, generators, vehicles etc shall be required to be obtained by the Contractor during execution stage.

Annexure II: Revenue Papers

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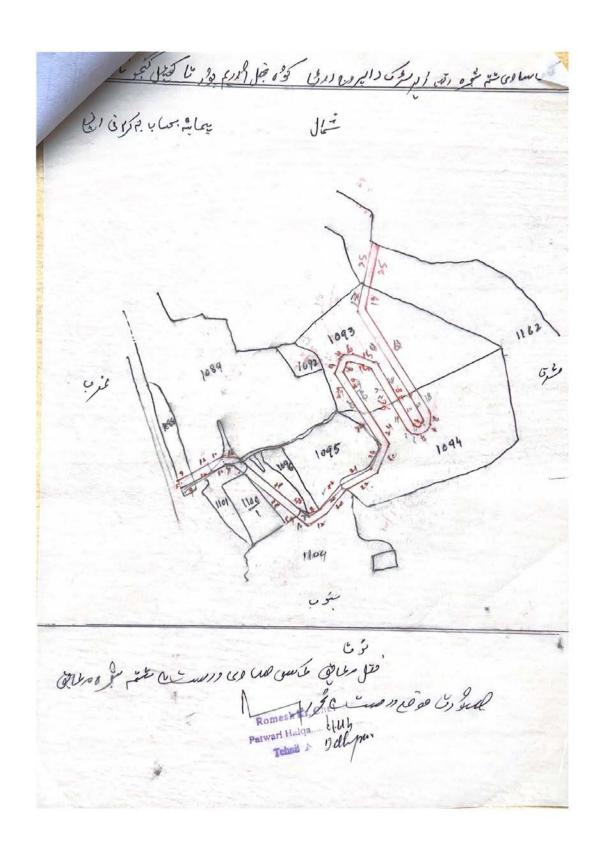
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Annexure III: Letters of Voluntary Land donations from Panchayat heads

The Project Manager (T)

JK ERA, Jammu

Subject: Voluntarily land donation for the project 'Bridges over Barmeen and Ghordi nallahs funded by the World Bank'

Dear Sir,

This is to inform your good office that people of the village Katheel Ganjoo (Moda Beri) are willing to voluntarily donate the land coming under the alignment of the project, "Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah" at Ramnagar in Udhampur District.

We, the people of Katheel Ganjoo Panchayat (Moda Beri) welcome and appreciate the efforts put up by the World Bank and JK ERA for this project.

Thank you.

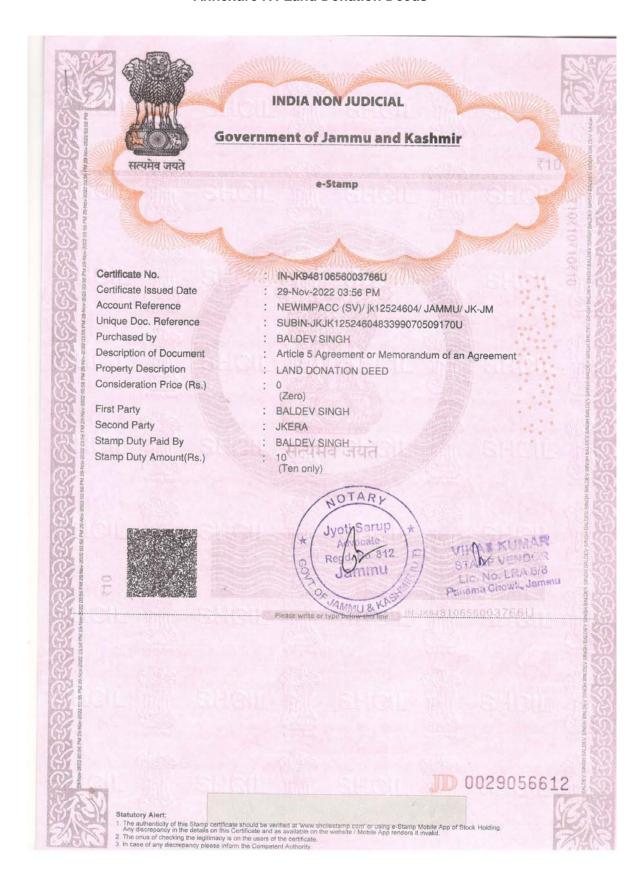
Sincerely yours

Symon

Sarpanch Katheel Ganjoo Paachayat

Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathii Ganje ** :t Block Ramnagar (J&K) The Project Manager (T) JK ERA, Jammu Subject: Voluntarily land donation for the project "Bridges over Barmeen and Ghordi nallahs funded by the World Bank". Dear Sir. This is to inform your good office that people of the village Kuh nallah are willing to voluntarily donate the land coming under the alignment of the project, "Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah" at Ramnagar in Udhampur District. We, the people of Kuh Panchayat welcome and appreciate the efforts put up by the World Bank and JK ERA for this project. Thank you.

Annexure IV: Land Donation Deeds



Voluntary Donation of Land

1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 29.... day of Nov. 2022 between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Baldor Singlo S/o, D/o, W/o Kate Sh. Hasii Singlo age 78. Thereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

2. Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City / Mohalla	Kertherel Gargoo (Bei)
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	
Block	Kather Gerdyoo W.mo. 03
District	Kannagar
Name of the Person donating the land	Rathanfeir.
Gender	Bortarov. Singu
ather/Husband's name	Late Shi Hari Eingh
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	70
Occupation	to years
desidence (Ward/Mohalla) NOTAR	Beni. W.no. 03
Jyoti Saru	
Regd No 81	12 / 5
/2/ Jakhmu	18-1

Schedule- Land Details	~
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	16 Konnal (8092.23 m)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	1 konnal 1 marla (531.04 m)
Khasra number of land being donated	275men,
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	275min, 36 K 2 moxlax (18258.04m?)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultural land
Boundary	O .
North	Agricultural luces
South	0 0
East	shop + agriculture 1-
West .	somueltile land.

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- 5. That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

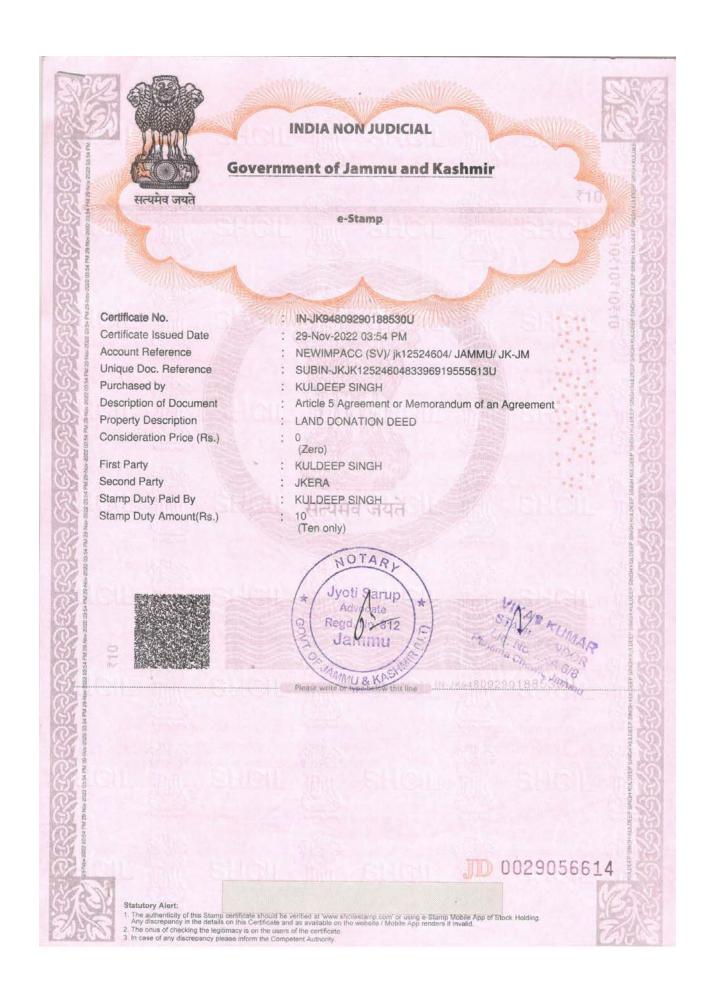
9. That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

AMMU & Y

Person donating the land as The First Party	/* / Jyoti Sa
Name of the person (Title-holder, legal representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees)	Advocat
Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees)	20 1
Date & Time	29.11.2021 (2. wpm)
Place of signing the agreement	Beri
Officer of PIU as the Second Party	
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Mr. Achte Kumas Kol
Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	Prompanager (Transport)
Date & Time	ERA, Jammu
Place of signing the agreement	Beeû
Witnesses (1)	1000
Name	Neelan Single
Address	0
Signature	· Neelam singh
Witnesses (2)	including sings
Name	Leavan Single
Address	
Signature	Teewan Simal
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch	200 0 128V
Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	Syma
Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp).	SUNITA DE /I

Execution Admitted Hence Attested

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



Voluntary Donation of Land

1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 2.6..... day of ... Nox. 2011 between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Kuldeof Chigh S/o, D/o, W/o Havi Singh (hate) age Collection hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	1
Village/City /Mohalla	Katheel Gantoo (Beri)
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Katherel Garjoo Parchin, Wno.
Block	Rammagas
District	12d brankour.
Name of the Person donating the land	Kuldeop Singh
Gender	male
Father/Husband's name	Hari Single (Late)
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	68 years
Occupation	Farming + Loubourc
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Been (M.no. 03)
★ Jyoti Saru Advocate	p *
Regd. 0 81	2 /5/

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	16 Kamal (1092.16 m²)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	2 K. 8 marlas (1213. 68 m)
Khasra number of land being donated	276 224 225
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36K 02 marlos (18258.04 cm)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultural
Boundary	1
North	Agricultural land
South	
East	Agricultural la d
West	Agricultural lase

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

9. That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

MANIERKE

Person donating the land as The First Party	NOTAR
Name of the person (Title-holder, legal representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees)	Kuldoup finglyoti Sari
Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees)	Kullet San Janua
Date & Time	26.11.2022 (5.00 pm) 181
Place of signing the agreement	Moda Benj
Officer of PIU as the Second Party	
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Mr. Achox Kurras Kok
Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	Project Monager (Transport)
Date & Time	ERA, Jammu 26. 11. 2022.
Place of signing the agreement	Beel
Witnesses (1)	3-0-1
Name	Penton Confe
Address	Beri Katheel Ganjoo.
Signature	Pecitor Saglo
Witnesses (2)	Sign
Name	Kulucom + Single
Address	
Signature	Rullelant cinch
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch	1 Secret
Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	Synta
Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp).	SUNTADEA
	Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju Most Block Ramnagar (J&K)

Execution Admitted Hence Attasteu

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



Voluntary Donation of Land

1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 28... day of Nov. 2022 between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Puttom Chydu...s/o, D/o, W/o Late Sh. Rassal Single age 69. hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City /Mohalla	Katheel Geryos
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Katheel Garyon. W.mo. D
Block	Ramagay
District	adholipin
Name of the Person donating the land	Butany Ingle
Gender	male o
Father/Husband's name	lasal siglo (dato)
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	69 years
Occupation	Ex servicemon / Farning
Residence (Ward/Mohalla) NOTARY	Ex servicemon / Farning Boui (Ward no. 63)
Jyoti Sarup Advotate Regd. 1 812 Jarvinu	*

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	7 Kamal (3540.32°)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	6 marla (151.62 m)
Khasra number of land being donated	224min
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K. 02 Marlan (18258.05m2)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultural land
Boundary	0
North	Agricultural local
South	Residential Guldings
East	Agriculting dand
West	Agricultal local

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- 5. That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

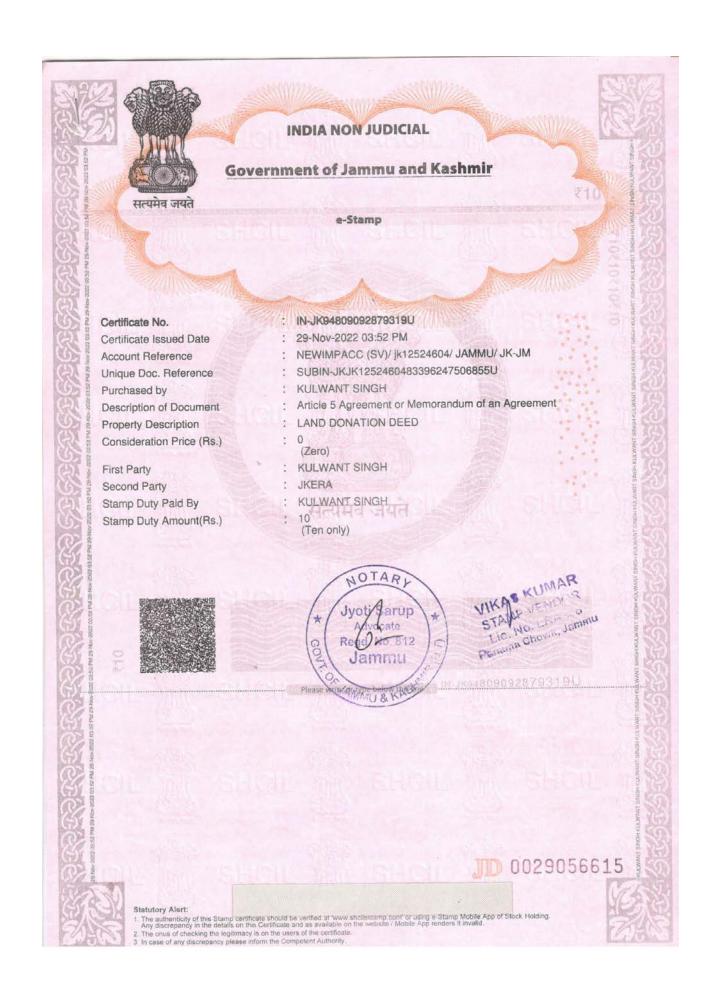
9. That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement. $NOTAR_{P}$

MINU &K

Person donating the land as The First Party	J. Jyoti Sa
Name of the person (Title-holder, legal representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees)	Routam Cing (Regd. 10.
Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees)	· Paston Sof Samon 184
Date & Time	28.11.2022 (2.or fm)
Place of signing the agreement	Morda Been
Officer of PIU as the Second Party	
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Mr. Schok Kungs Kok
Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	position (Transport)
Date & Time	ERA, Jammy 28: 11:2021
Place of signing the agreement	Berli
Witnesses (1)	
Name	Neelann Single
Address	0
Signature	Neelam Singh
Witnesses (2)	4
Name	Arjan Single
Address	, 0
Signature	Sunta
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch	X
Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	Sumta
Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp).	SUNITADE //I Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathii Ganjir Woot

Execution Admitted Hence Attested

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 28 day of Nov 2022. between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Kulwant Singles/o, D/o, W/o Late the Rasal Single age 58 Thereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City /Mohalla	Katheel Gazijoo (Been)
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Katheel Ganzoo ward no. 03
Block	Rounaugal
District	Udhampur
Name of the Person donating the land	Kulmout Cringle
Gender	Male
Father/Husband's name	Late Shri Rasal Single
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	58 yrs.
Occupation	Ex- servicemon / Farming
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Beri (W. no 03)
Jyoti Saru	1
Regd. Roger	2 5

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	20 Konal (10115. 29 cm²)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	12 marlas (303.24m²)
Khasra number of land being donated	225 min
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K. 02 marlas (18258 Mpm2)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agencultural
Boundary	· ·
North	Agricultured land Residential buildings
South	Paradontial bull died
East	Agriculture level
West	Agricultur luccel

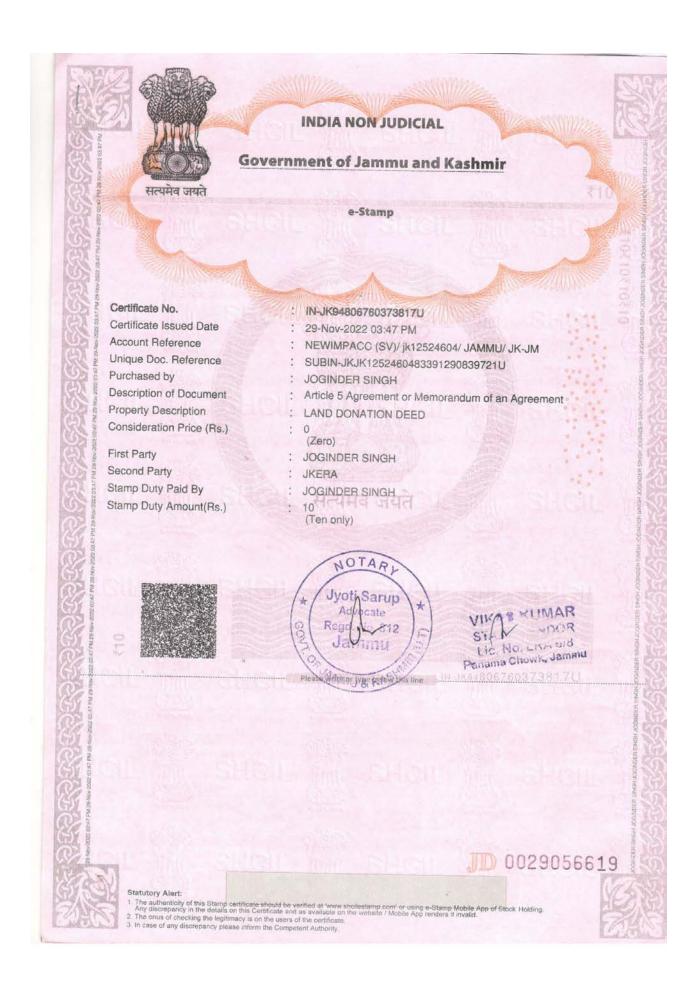
- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

 That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

Jame of the person (Title-holder, legal epresentative, successors, legal heir, assignees, sominees) ignature of the person (Title-holder, legal epresentatives, successors-in office, heirs, ssignees, nominees) Date & Time	Regulate Santa
epresentatives, successors-in office, heirs, ssignees, nominees)	N. Mulant Charles
ate & Time	MAMMINISK
	28.11.2022 (1.00 pm)
lace of signing the agreement	Kortheel Gayoo (Beer)
Officer of PIU as the Second Party	0
Jame of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Mr. Achok Kumar wokh
ignature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	Project Nanager (Transport)
Pate & Time	ERA, Jammu 28.11.2022
lace of signing the agreement	Beeri
Vitnesses (1)	
Jame	Korsol Ingh
Address	Katheel Garyro
ignature	. २ सा ८ हम
Vitnesses (2)	
lame	Poitorn Cnigh
Address	Katherl Gayoo.
ignature	
Vitness of Corporator/Sarpanch	or s. de
lame of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	Symp
ignature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch /	Synita
Corporator (with Stamp).	SUNITADEVI

Execution Admitted Hence Attested

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 29....day of Nov 2022 between Mr. Joginder Single/o, D/o, W/o Late ft. Corp Cyfage 67 hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

2. Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City / Mohalla	Kattreel Gayoo
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	V. H I
Block	0
District	Nothenpur
Name of the Person donating the land	Toginder Lingh
Gender	Joginator Strage
Father/Husband's name	Late Chri Loop Livel
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	6+yeous
Occupation	Skiner / forming
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Katheellayro (w.no.03
Jyoti Barup Advocate Regd. Vic. 812 Jammu	- /×/

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	12 mal. (6069.17m²)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	4 marly. (101.08m²) 276 min
Khasra number of land being donated	276 min
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K 02 monthon (1828 offm)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	36 K 02 mondrox (18258 04m) Agencullial lang
Boundary	· ·
North	Agriculture lacel
South	Agricultal land.
East	soricultal bed
West	samultand land

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

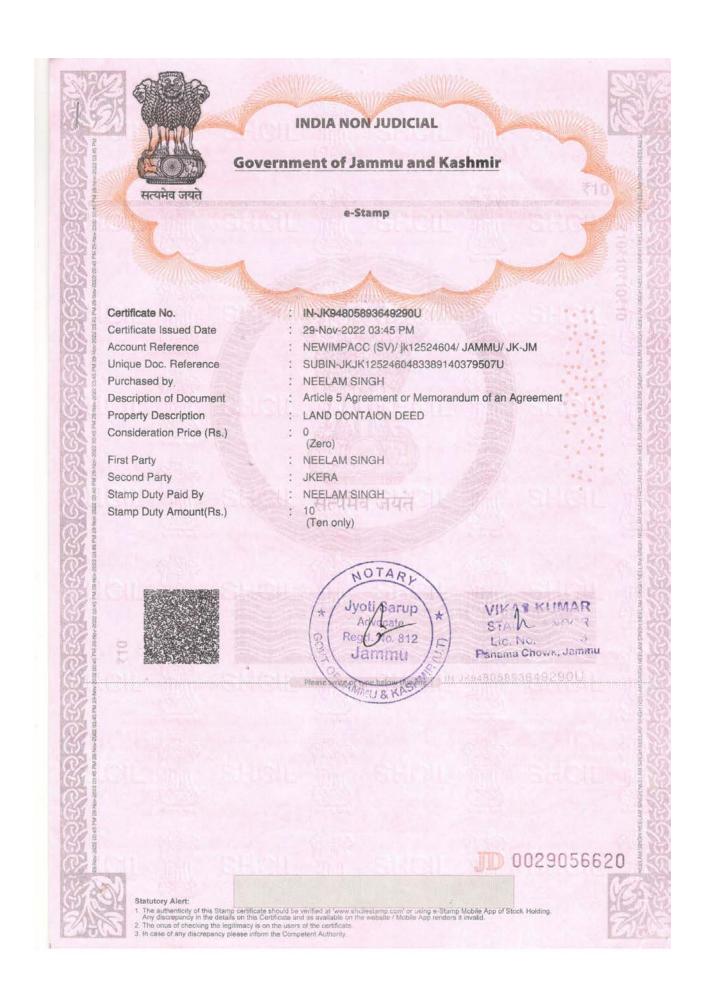
9. That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

MMU & Y

	NOTA
	Jyoti Sai
Person donating the land as The First Party	Advocat
Name of the person (Title-holder, legal representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees)	Shi Joginder fight Jamin
Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees)	· Jagmelor Singh san 1184
Date & Time	
Place of signing the agreement	norther hours (Beri)
Officer of PIU as the Second Party	
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Mr. Ashok Umax Kowlas
Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	(Transport)
Date & Time	ERA, Jammy 29 11-2023
Place of signing the agreement	Kathred Lagro (Boxi)
Witnesses (1)	
Name	Rossol Lingle
Address	nothed Garyos
Signature	२साल सह
Witnesses (2)	
Name	Britain Singh
Address	Kathorel Garyon
Signature	Dr.
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch	Sunita
Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	SUMA
Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp).	Sumta
	Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West Block Ramnagar (J&K)

Execution Admitted Hence Attested

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 28 day of Nov. 2022 between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Neelane Sigh S/o, D/o, W/o. Sheelane Congle age 5.77 hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City / Mohalla	Notted of
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Katheel Gangoo
Block	Kather Genegoo. W.m.o
District	Kannengar
Name of the Person donating the land	dannsupur
Gender	Weelann Engli
Father/Husband's name	Shri Rasal Cingle
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	59 years
Occupation	
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)OTAR	Farmy / Labour
NOTARY	Bear (Mno. 13)

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	7 Kanal (3540.35m)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	4 marla (101.08 m2)
Khasra number of land being donated	276 min
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K · 02 marlos (18258 04 on)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultural
Boundary	
North	Agenicultural land
South	120,000
East	A similar of the state of
West ·	agricultuf lived

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

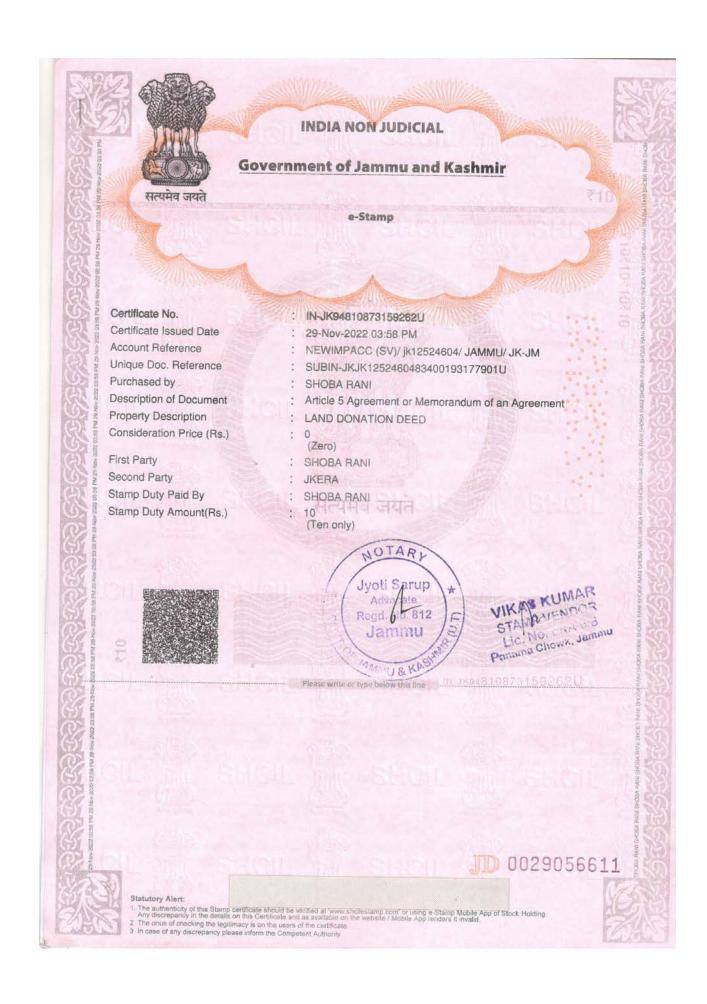
9. That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement. NOTARP

MAMMU & K

	NOTARY
Person donating the land as The First Party	
Name of the person (Title-holder, legal representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees)	Neelan Jyon Sarup
Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees)	Neclam Single
Date & Time	28.11.2022 (Ladian)
Place of signing the agreement	Beni
Officer of PIU as the Second Party	
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Project Manager (Transport)
Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	MENA Jammu
Date & Time	28.11.2022 (2 20pm)
Place of signing the agreement	Berli
Witnesses (1)	0
Name	Krilam Engli
Address	Katherel gargos
Signature	Partam Singh
Witnesses (2)	0
Name	Kuldorep Lingle
Address	Katheel Garlyos
Signature	Kuldeep Sigh
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch	16000
Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	Synta
Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp).	SUNITA DE 1
	Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West Block Ramnagar (J&K)

Execution Admitted Hence Attesteu

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



1.	The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 29 day of
betw	een Mr./Miss/Mrs; Choba Kami * s/o, D/o, W/o Late Sh. Leomor Singh
age	hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Theholder and
	e his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc. / Jyoti Şarup *

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

2. Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City / Mohalla	Valt all
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Katheel Ganyoo
Block	gartheref Geryoo W. no. o
District	Jannagar 1
Name of the Person donating the land	Wolhambous
Gender	Shoba Rami
Father/Husband's name	Late Usi Haman Carlo
Ownership Status	Late this your Engli
Age	40 years
Occupation	7. (,
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Beril (W.no. 03)

* Husband boto Shit Konnal Lings sieid on.

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	7 Kanal (3540.35m2)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	4 marlos
Khasra number of land being donated	276 min
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K Inventors (18258 of m)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agaultural law
Boundary	U
North	Agriculture board
South	Abstraction Due
East	Spricy time frond
West	shiceltural land

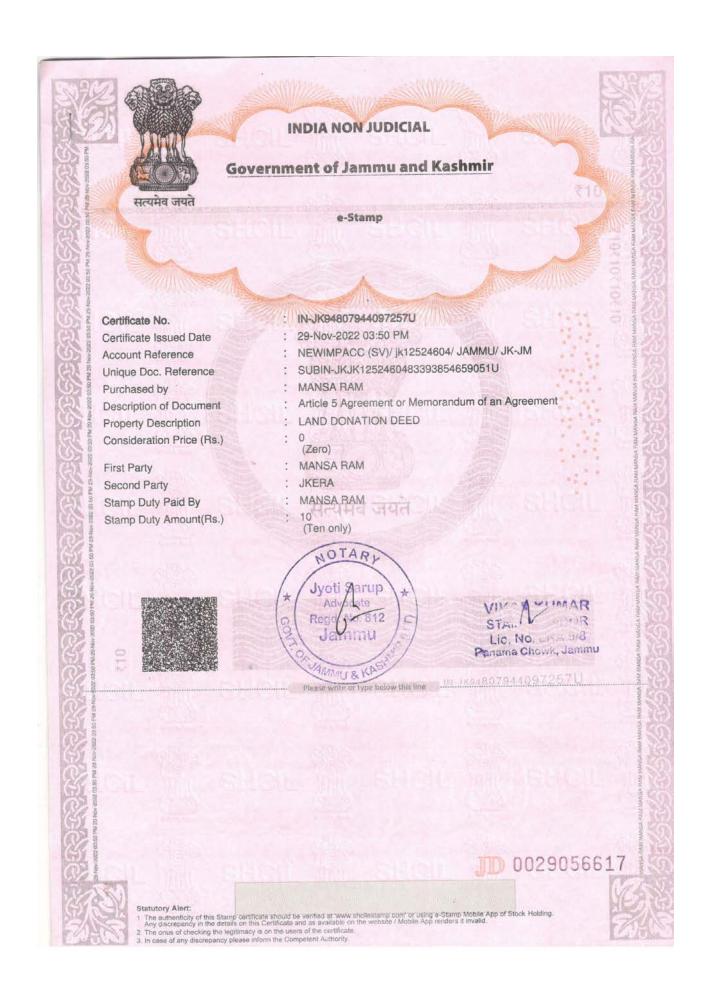
- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- 5. That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

 That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

Person donating the land as The First Party Name of the person (Title-holder, legal	CL La PALON NOTARI
representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees)	Shofa Kany Noti Sary
Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees)	Shok Ramo Regd No. 81
Date & Time	29.11.2022 Jaminu
Place of signing the agreement	JAMMINU & KD
Officer of PIU as the Second Party	7.00.
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Mr. Ashok annas worker
Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	am -
Date & Time	FRA Jammy 29 U-2021
Place of signing the agreement	ERA, Jammu 29: 11.2021
Witnesses (1)	
Name	Rosal Engli
Address	Rosal Engle Katheel Garyoo
Signature	. रसालाहाइ
Witnesses (2)	
Name	Kritam Engli
Address	Katheel Garyon
Signature	She I
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch	Sun the
Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	34 11/11
Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch /	Syruta
Corporator (with Stamp).	SUNITADEVI

Execution Admitted Hence

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

2. Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City /Mohalla	Katheel Gangoo
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	
Block	
District	Clothanger
Name of the Person donating the land	
Gender	Mansa Ram
Father/Husband's name	Menky
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	65 years
Occupation	dahawa Ida
Residence (Ward/Mohalla) NOTAR	Bell (whom 13)

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	10 Karnal (5057.65 m)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	8 marla (202.16 m)
Khasra number of land being donated	218 min
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K 02 monlos (18258 04 and
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	36 K 02 montors (18258 04 and
Boundary	
North	Agricultural land
South	0 7
East	7)
West	n

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

 That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

Jyoti Sarup

Regd. 10 812

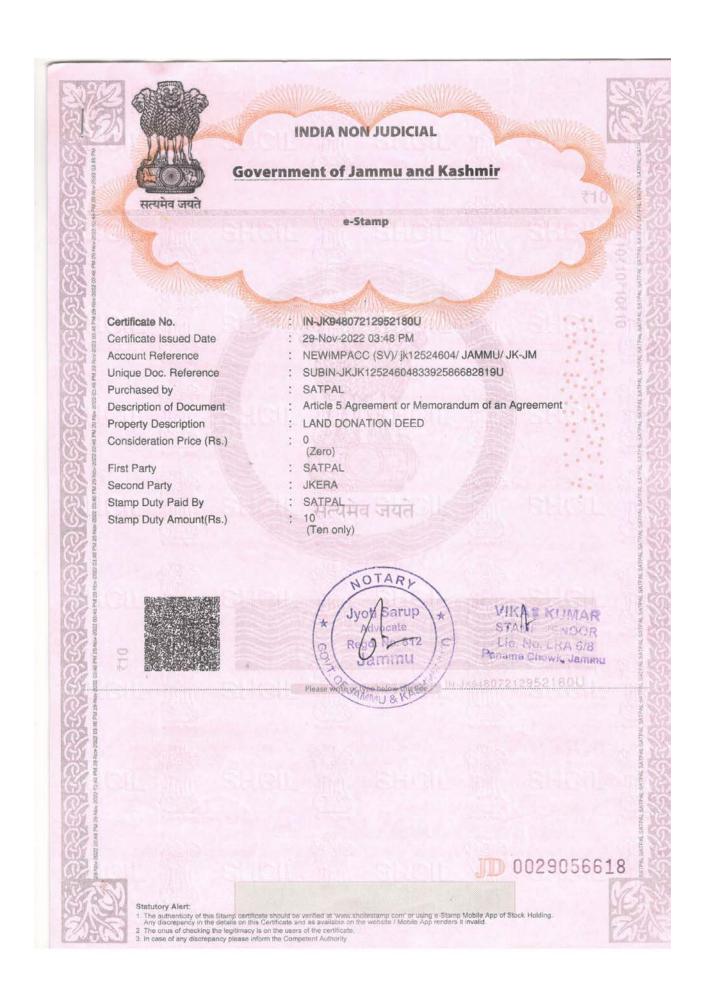
MANUE & KI

NOTARI Person donating the land as The First Party Name of the person (Title-holder, Manora Rampie Jvoti Sarup representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, Advo nominees) Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees) 11. your Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time ERA, Jammu 29.11.2022 Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp) sund SUNITADEVI

Execution Admitted Hence Attested

NOTARY PUBLIC

Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathii Ganju West Block Ramnagar (J&K)



1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on and day of Nov. 2012 between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Sat pol. S/o, D/o, W/o Late Slave Weetto Ram*
age 417 hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK-ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

 Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City /Mohalla	Katheel Genyoo
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Katheel Garyoo W.m. 05
Block	Katheel Ganjoo W. no 0: Kannagas
District	adhempu
Name of the Person donating the land	Satpal
Gender	male
Father/Husband's name	Late Chri Kertli Rass
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	41 Years
Occupation	Labourer / Farming
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Belli (hl. no. 03)

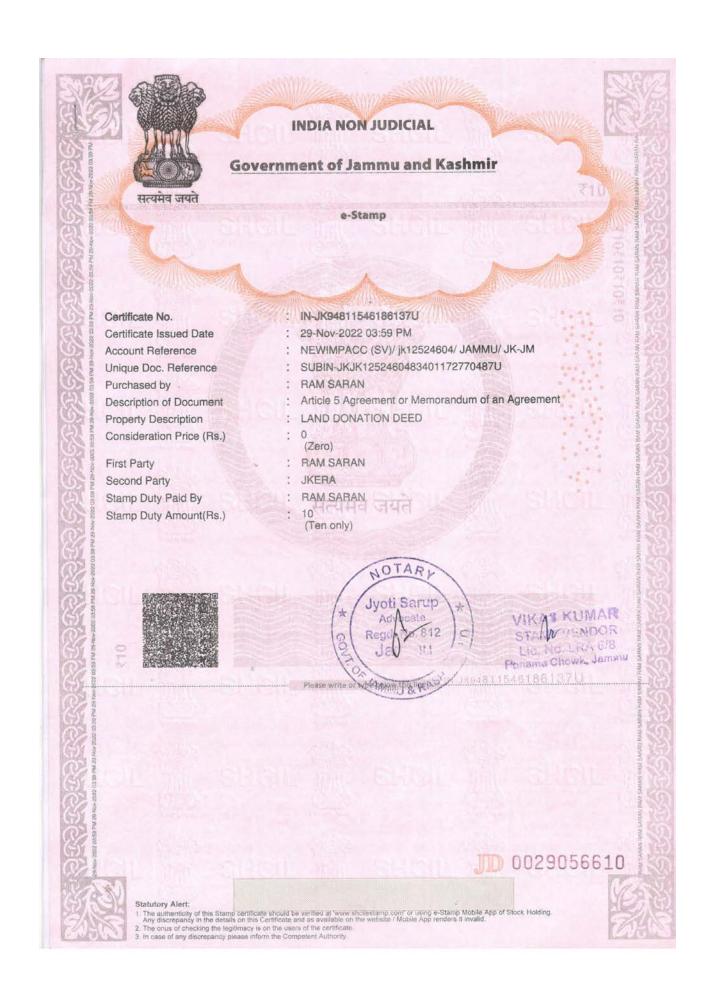
Kand donation doed signed by Satpail as Sheri Kutli Ram is no more

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	8 Kamal (4046.12 m)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	13 mailas (328-50 m²)
Khasra number of land being donated	218 rin
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36x02 marlos (18258.04m2
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultureal lange
Boundary	1
North	Agricultural las
South	M M
East	3/
West	н

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- 4. That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
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- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.

9. That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

January of the person (little-holder, legal epresentative, successors, legal heir, assignees, loominees) January of the person (Title-holder, legal epresentatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees) Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Dette (Kattures Gargos) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sulvita Devil Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathii Ganju West	Person donating the land as The First Party	NOTARY
Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal epresentatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees) Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/ Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathii Ganju West	Name of the person (Title-holder, legal representative, successors, legal heir, assignees,	Advocate Advocate
Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Deriv (Karthrest Garyon Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs,	2 Janunu
Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sunita Sunita Devil Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathii Ganju West	Date & Time	29.11.2022 May 8.KB
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathili Ganju West	Place of signing the agreement	Bent (Kartherel Gayor)
Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathili Ganju West	Officer of PIU as the Second Party	11100
Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sunita Devil Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP)	Mr. Achok Kunor Kokha
Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sumta Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sumta	Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp.	(Transport)
Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sumta Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sumta Signature (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West		ERA, Jammu 29.11.202
Witnesses (1) Name Address Katherl Gargor Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sumta Signature (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West		
Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / SUNITA DEVI Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West		10 0 0
Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / SUNITADEVI Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West		Kasal Ingli
Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sumta Address	Katherel Gargoo.	
Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / SUNITADEVI Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Signature	· 5 4-16 15-18
Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / SUNITA DEVI Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Witnesses (2)	1 ba Smel
Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Name	mrain - Just
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sumta SUNITA DEVI Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Address	Katheel Garyon
Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sumta SUNITA DEVI Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Signature	1.
Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sunita DEVI Sunita DEVI Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch	Sumta
Signature of Halqa Parichayat Sarpanery Corporator (with Stamp). Sunita DEVI Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator	
Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West	Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch /	SUNITADEVI
		Block Ramnagar (J&K)
	4	
		Execution Admitted Hence Attestor
Execution Admitted Hence Atteston		Aun 1
Execution Admitted Hence Attesion		() 10:12:22
Execution Admitted Hence Attesion		NOTARY PUBLIC
() 1 12.22		Jammu



The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 29... day of Nov. 2022 between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Koron Sarah S/o, D/o, W/o. 2a age In Inhereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Title include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agend ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City /Mohalla	Kathrel Gargoo
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Kathrel Garyos Paschins, W. no. 03
Block	Rommangar
District	adhanpur
Name of the Person donating the land	Ram Janan
Gender	male
Father/Husband's name	Late Shi Sant
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	70 years
Occupation	Forming dokous
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Moda Beri (Wordmo 03)

NOTARI Jyoti S Schedule- Land Details Adv Total land available (in hectare) square meters) with the person donating the and (Agricultural Kamal (16/84. 46 m / Non Agricultural) Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft) Khasra number of land being donated Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft) 36 K 2 morlos (18258.04m) Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other). Boundary North South East West

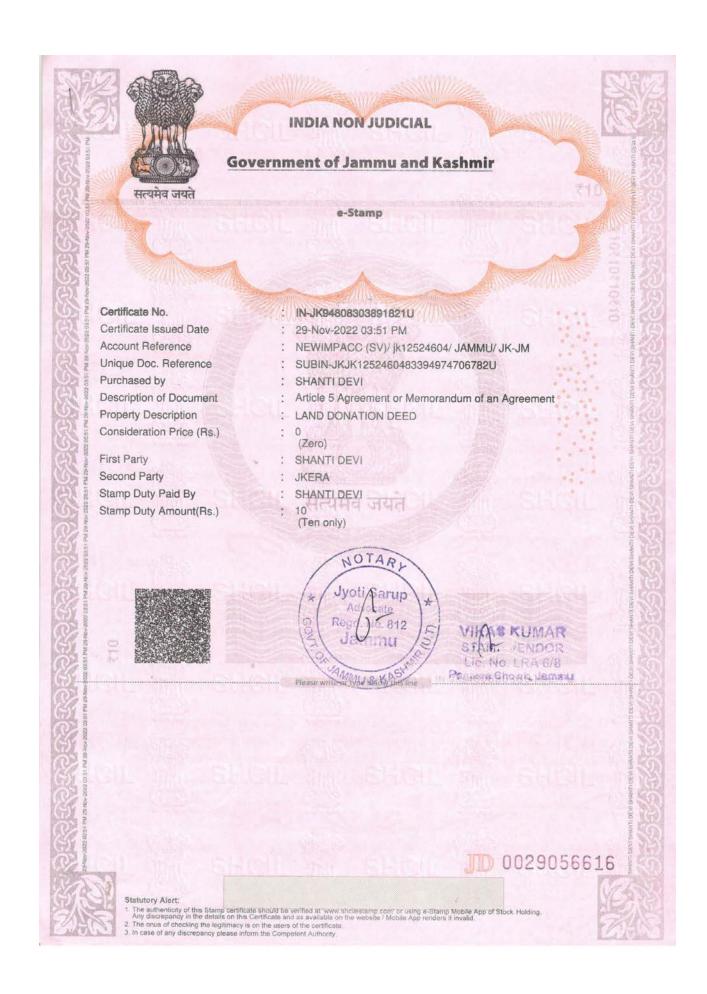
- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
- That the First Party testifies that the land is free of encumbrances and not subject to other claims/claimants.
- That the First Party would not claim any compensation for land being donated to PIU for public Purpose.
- 6. That the First Party hereby voluntarily surrenders the land/structure without any type of pressure, influence or coercion whatsoever or indirectly and hereby surrenders all his/her subsisting rights in the said land with free will and intention.
- 7. That the Second Party shall construct and develop infrastructure facilities under the project, Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project, and take all possible precautions to avoid damage to adjacent land/structure/ other assets.
- 8. That both the parties agree that the infrastructure so constructed/developed shall be for public purpose.
- That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

NOTARI Person donating the land as The First Party Name of the person (Title-holder, legal representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees) Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees) Date & Time 11.2022. Boopm Place of signing the agreement Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Ashok Kunore Kokhal Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement ERA, Jammu 25.11.2021 Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Sumta Corporator (with Stamp). SUNITADEVI Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju West

Execution Admitted Hence Attested

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu

Block Ramnagar (J&K)



1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 29... day of Nov 2022

between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Shanti Dovi S/o, D/o, W/o Kate Sh. Cauce *

age 77. Thereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

Jammu

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency UK
ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after
called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr
span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span
motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District
(Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project"
(JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in
office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City / Mohalla	Katherel Layor (Been)
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Konthoral Chemon Jalon of 3
Block	Katherel Gayor (Been) Kontherel Gayor Word 03 Rammagaz
District	Udhanpur
Name of the Person donating the land	Smt Shanti Our
Gender	Fernale
Father/Husband's name	Gornie
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	Hyean,
Occupation	Adyean, housecuije
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	0

She Goiver died one years before Land not transferred on others warne.

three sons, works outside in Penjab.

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	5 marlos (126.35m²)
Khasra number of land being donated	917 min
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K 2 marchas (18258:04 m²)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultural and
Boundary	
North	Agricultul losed
South) n
East	
West	n

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
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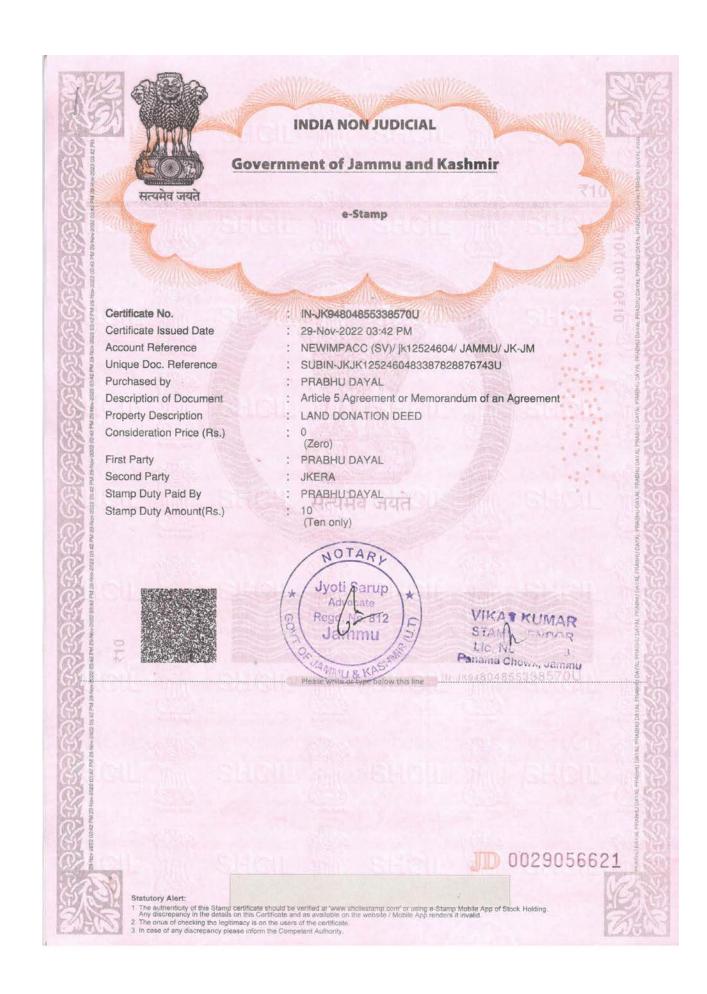
 That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

Jyoti Baru

NOTARI Person donating the land as The First Party **J**voti Name of the person (Title-holder, legal Shante Dor representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees) Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, MAMPIUS assignees, nominees) Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Beach (Kathael Garmon Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Mr. Asholl Kerral Kokhal Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. ERA, Jammu 25. 11.2022. Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Katherel Garyoo) Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature RITE GRIE Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator SUNITADEVI Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Sarpanch Pyt. Halqa Kathil Ganju Whet Block Ramnagar (J&K)

Execution Admitted Hence Autoster

ARY PUBLIC



AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City / Mohalla	0 1
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Patteri,
Block	Kuh Panchayat no. 1
District	Jaganoo
Name of the Person donating the land	Odhangue
Gender	Prabhu Dayon
Father/Husband's name	Male
Ownership Status	Sheri Ramu NOTARY
Age	57 / Jyoti Sarup
Occupation	D-1/1/2 010
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Parmer Jammu

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	10 Karrale (505759 m²)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	18 marlas (454.86 m²)
Khasra number of land being donated	1101, 1098
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36K 2M (18258 04 ant)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultural
Boundary	
North	Ag. beral
South	Ag. local
East	Ag lead
West	Ag. had

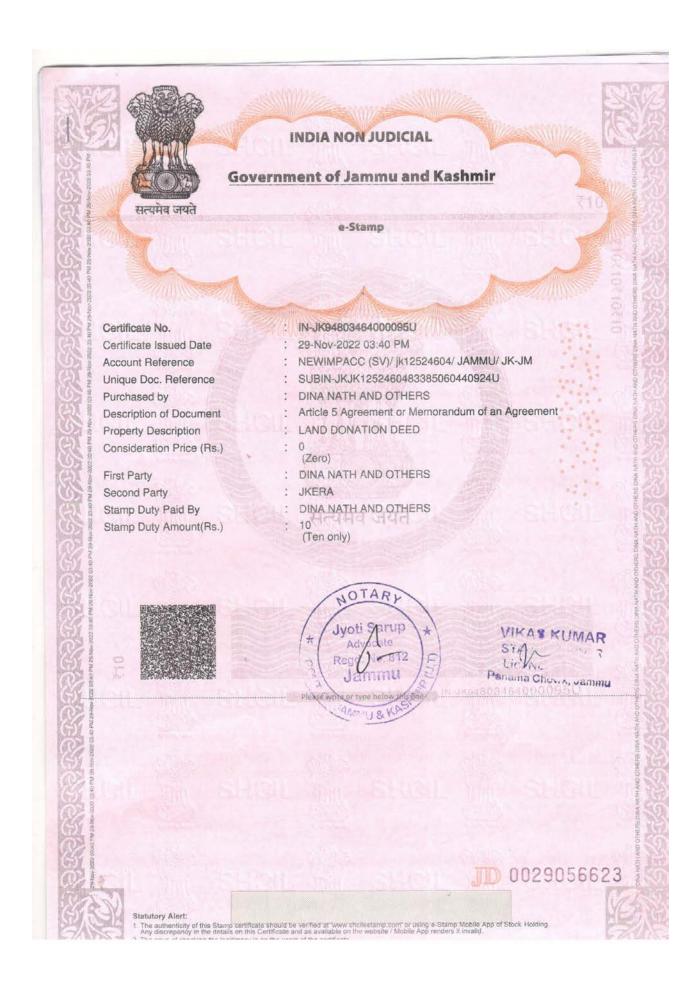
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SOTARI Person donating the land as The First Party Name of the person (Title-holder, legal Prable Dou representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees) Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees) Date & Time 26.11.2022 (11.30 am Place of signing the agreement Patter Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Mr. Ashok Kunon Kokhag Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Manager (Transport) Date & Time 26.11.2022 Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address worlloch Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). SARPANCHI

Panchyat Halga Kuh Block Jaganor (Udhair J&K - 182129

Execution Admitted Hence Attested

Jammu



Voluntary Donation of Land

1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 26day of Nov. 2022 between Mr. Dina NATH+otton's/o, D/o, W/o Bhagot lam, age 66 hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein-after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City / Mohalla	With wallah,
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Kuh Panchayot / Wino. 0]
Block	Jaganos V
District	Clothompu
Name of the Person donating the land	Dina nath
Gender	male
Father/Husband's name	Shul Bhagat Rom
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	66 years
Occupation	Faining
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Kuh wallah (W.no. 07)
t Single Idea Single Den North Corrige Ler single Gress Co	dos road alignment nount on bolloy of him ki

Goport Dass (died)
Ramerla Single Sto Late Gopor Dars signed donation deed. Ramesh-Singh

Schedule- Land Details	1
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	10 Moulas (252.69 m²)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	10 Moular (23 2. 0 1 m)
Khasra number of land being donated	1089
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K. 02 Marlas (1828.04 m)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	squiculturol
Boundary	0
North	Agricultural drawn
South	1000
East	Agricultural docart
West	Shop

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
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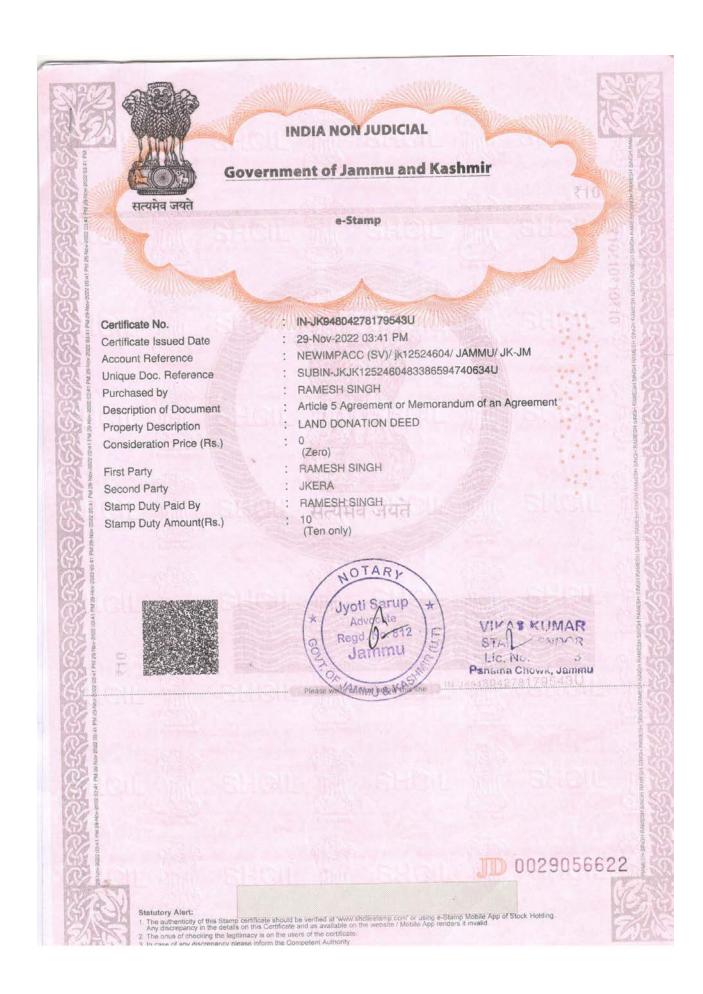
9. That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

Person donating the land as The First Party Name of the person (Title-holder, legal Dima Noth + representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, nominees) Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, assignees, nominees) Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Officer of PIU as the Second Party Kimas Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. anager (Transport ERA, Jammu 26.11.2022 Date & Time Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Panchyat Halqa Kuh Block Jaganoo (Udham J&K - 182126 Execution Admitted Hence Attas

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NOTARY PUBLIC

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Voluntary Donation of Land

1. The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 2.6.... day of Nev. 2021 between Mr./Miss/Mrs; Ramelle Cingle 5/0, D/0, W/o Late Class Gopal Dass* age 3.7.7. hereinafter referred to as "First Party". This expression shall mean the Titleholder and include his/her successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc.

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK/ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (TJ, Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City /Mohalla	Patteri
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Kuh Nallah/wordno 1
Block	Jagharos
District	Udhanpur
Name of the Person donating the land	Rameth Singh
Gender	Male
Father/Husband's name	Shor Late Gapal Days
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	37-
Occupation	Former I dabout
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	7.7.7

* Revenue Record on the name of Gopal Dores (dled). 1 His son Shri Ramesh Singh ligned land donation doed.

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	22 Kranorl (11/26.720
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	5 marlos (126.35 m²)
Khasra number of land being donated	1088
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	364 02 monlas (18258.04 m2)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agrilitural
Boundary	
North	Agricultural damed
South	Pand
East	Shop
West	Agriculters on les

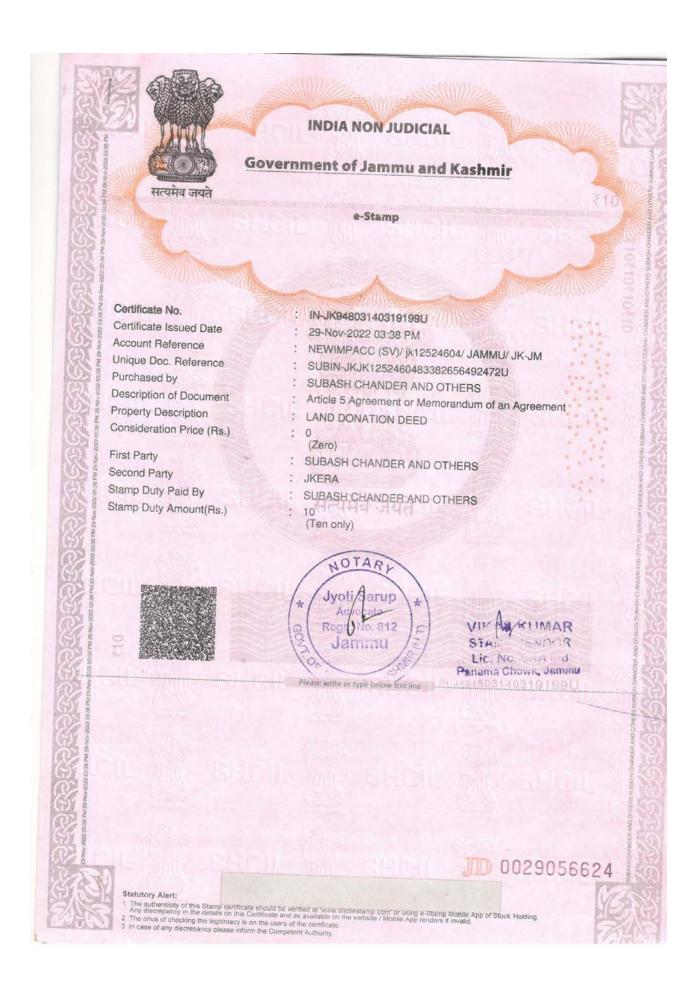
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Person donating the land as The First Party Name of the person (Title-holder, legal Karnesh Singh Sto Late representative, successors, legal heir, assignees, Signature of the person (Title-holder, legal representatives, successors-in office, heirs, Jyoti Sa assignees, nominees) Date & Time Regd No Place of signing the agreement Jammu Officer of PIU as the Second Party Name of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) Signature of the officer of PIU (JTFRP) with Stamp. Date & Time 26.11.2022 Place of signing the agreement Witnesses (1) Name Address Signature Witnesses (2) Name Address Signature Witness of Corporator/Sarpanch Name of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch/Corporator Signature of Halqa Panchayat Sarpanch / Corporator (with Stamp). Panchyat Halqa Kuh Block Jaganoc (Udhylir J&K - 182129

Execution Admitted Hence Attesion

NOTARY PUBLIC Jammu



Voluntary Donation of Land

AND

Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc.

Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below.

Location Details	
Village/City /Mohalla	buh reallah
Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number	Kuh Parchayat, W.mo. of
Block	Kuh Mallah Kuh Parchayat, M.Mo. of Taganoo
District	Wilhampus
Name of the Person donating the land	Subath chander
Gender	
Father/Husband's name	Late Shri Dhani Rom
Ownership Status	Title Holder
Age	40 years
Occupation	Farning + Lorbones
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	Kuch hallah (W.mo. 01)

* Charan Dass

Schedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	76 Kamal (38438.08m
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	1K, 17 marlas (935.35 m²)
Khasra number of land being donated	1100. 1109
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K. 02 Marlar (18258. 04 mm)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	Agricultural
Boundary	
North	Agricultural lacel
South	signicultural land
East	squ'culturel de
West	squi cutler land

- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
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 That the provisions of this agreement will come into force from the date of signing of this agreement.

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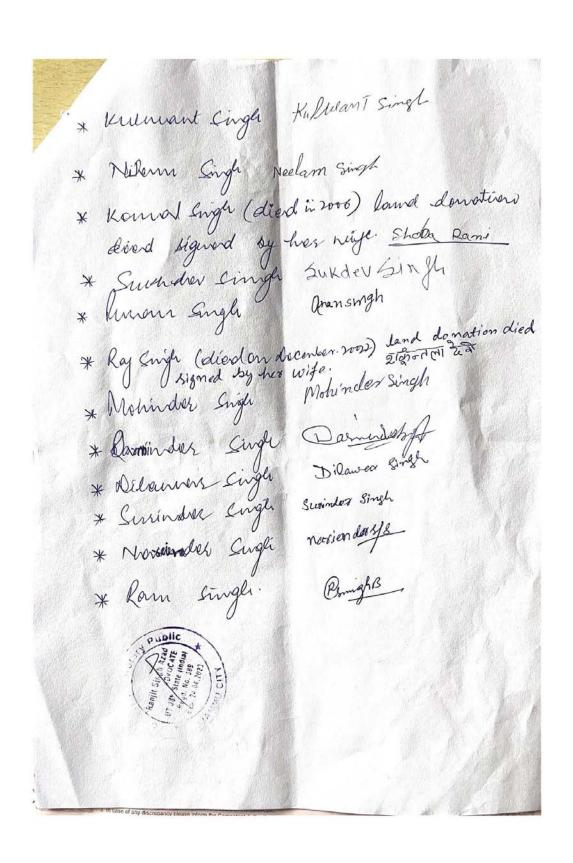
MOTARY PUBLIC

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20.12.22



Voluntary Donation of Land The deed of voluntary land donation is made and executed on 29..... day of 2022 between Mr Scuth for referred to as "First Party." This expression shall mean the Titleholder/s and include their successors, assignees, nominees, legal heir etc. AND Project Implementation Unit Jammu and Kashmir Economic Reconstruction Agency (JK ERA) through Mr. Ashok Kumar Kokhar Designation Project Manager (T), Jammu, herein after called the "Second Party" for Sub-project Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen at Ramnagar in Udhampur District (Jammu and Kashmir)" being constructed under "Jhelum Tawi Flood Recovery Project" (JTFRP), for public purpose and shall mean the "Recipient" and include his/her successors- in office, nominee and assignees etc. Whereas, the details of the location of the land and person donating land are given below. **Location Details** Village/City / Mohalla Halqa Panchayat/Ward Number Block District Name of the Person/s donating the land with drev singh of others Father/Husband's name Lotte Chi Title Holder/s Ownership Status yerans.



Decumption	I TEX became man
Occupation	Farmer (Cx dornas arion)
Residence (Ward/Mohalla)	farmer (Ex Jerme mon) Beul moda (Katherf hypo) No
ichedule- Land Details	
Total land available (in hectare/ square meters) with the person donating the land (Agricultural / Non Agricultural)	95.00 Korral (8057:59 /g/a)
Total land being donated (sqm/sq.ft)	4 Kernal 19 medas (2581.43m2)
Khasra number of land being donated	273/ min 36 K 2 mila (18258.04m2)
Total Requirement for subproject (sqm/sq.ft)	36 K 2 marcha (18258.04m2)
Nature of land being donated Residential/ Agricultural/Commercial (Any other).	symutial, but left fallow.
Boundary	
North	land
South	land
East	bend
West	lad.
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- 3. That the First Party is presently using/holds the transferable right of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above. Whereas the Encroacher does not hold any transferable rights of the above mentioned piece of land in the village mentioned above but have been a long standing encroacher dependent on its usufruct hereditarily.
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Annexure V: Public Consultations

Public Meeting at Katheel Ganjoo (Moda Beri)

I Sarpanch. Sunta Dom...... along with Panchayat members (Gram Panchayat Katheel Ganjoo), today i.e., on 13.12.2022 field a public meeting at village Katheel Ganjoo (Moda Beri) to discuss the issue of land requirement for the sub-project, "Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah." The following points are discussed in the meeting;

- That the required land shall be donated to the implementing agency as per the requirements.
- That about 95 % of the land being donated is agricultural land and donors are mostly the farmers and laborer.
- That the project is long pending demand of the locals since the last 60 years. The absence of
 the bridges which are now being constructed has cost lives of the people and livestock during
 floods.
- That Gram Panchayat unanimously decided to allow PIU, JK ERA, Jammu to utilize land falls under khasra number 221 and 216 which is Shamlat deh for the project.
- That the contractor has blocked a more than 300 years old track (Bandobasti rasta) used by locals for carrying their farm animals, harvest, fodder and approaching their fields.
- That the contractor has to correct it or PIU needs to take call on the issue.
- That the PIU needs to mark the land as per actual requirement and remaining land shall be utilized by the owners for erecting fence along the fields.
- That the right side drain near the house of Kulwant Sing is kuchha and needs to be constructed.
- That the excavated material dumped by the contractor in fields needs to be removed.
- That the B/R walls needs to be given wherever there is soft rock and cutting has been done to save the fields from erosion.

In this context, We the people of Katheel Ganjoo (Beri Moda), in the presence of Gram Sabha Head and others unanimously and voluntarily decided to donate the required land. But JK ERA needs to ensure resolution of the issues highlighted above.

Meeting is attended by the locals/land owners.

Signature of the Participants

Bukh der Singh

Rublest Sugh

Pritam Singh

Kalldan T singh

Neelam Singh

Teewan Singh

Ranider Unsh Mahon Lal Sansar chand uttam Chand. (heround anomber; Interned mo.3) 2-12101 राम पाल. 20470 रामसर्न Signature of the Sarpanch
SUNITA DE: /I
Sarpanch
Pyt. Halqa Kathii Ganju M SI
Block Ramnagar (J&K)

Public Meeting at Kuh

I Sarpanch Solvon Single along with Panchayat members (Gram Panchayat Kuh), today i.e., on 13-11-1011 in a public meeting at village Kuh discussed the issue of land requirement for the sub-project, "Design and Construction (Complete Job) of 58.0 mtr span motorable bridge over Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span motorable bridge from Barsoa to Pathri over Barmeen Nallah at Ramnagar in Udhampur District."

- That the required land shall be donated to the implementing agency as per the requirements.
- That about 80 % of the land being donated is agricultural land and donors are mostly the farmers and laborer.
- That the project is long pending demand of the locals since the last . Co. year. The
 absence of the bridges which are now being constructed has cost lives of the people
 and livestock during floods.
- That Gram Panchayat unanimously decided to allow PIU, JK ERA, Jammu to utilize land falls under khasra number 1093 which is Shamlat deh for the project.

In this context, We the people of village Kuh in the presence of Gram Sabha Head and other unanimously and voluntarily ready to donate the required land.

Meeting is attended by the locals/land owners who will donate their land for the project.

Signature of the Land Donors

Sypashchander Ramuh hirgh Balbir Singh.

प्तन सिंह

Photographs of consultations



Date: 20.06.2020





PAPs showing the changed alignment at RHS





Consultation/Meeting with land owners on RHS

LHS Approach Road





Consultation/Meeting with land owners on LHS



Annexure VI: Corrective Action Taken with respect to issues raised in public meeting dated 13.12.2022



Office of the Project Manager (Transport) J&K Economic Reconstruction Agency(ERA) 2nd Floor, JKPCC Building, Rail Head Complex, Jammu (1009 SECONDER PROJECT P



Director Technical

No:- PMT/ERA/2023/ 30 22 - 3 026

Sub:-Design and Construction of 58.0 mtr span (2- Lane) Steel motorable bridge from Katheel Ganjoo to Barsoa over Ghordi Nallah and 50.0 mtr span(2-lane) motorable bridge from Barsoa to Patri over Barmeen Nallah Ramnagar including approach roads (Complete Job) in Udhampur District-Regarding SIA of Sub Project.

Sir.

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Kindly refer your mall dated 26-12-2022, where under the detailed SIA of sub project was submitted to World Bank after addressing to the comments raised by World Bank for favour of review and necessary approval. It has also been accepted by Madam Rumita Choudhary vide mail dated January,29-2023 that the most of the comments have been addressed by the PMU except the blocking of 300 year old path by the Contractor, Mulba dumped in the field by the Contractor and necessary B/R wall wherever cutting has been done to avoid further excelor. done to avoid further erosion.

To resolve these issues PIU J&K ERA Jammu deputed the concerned Asstt. Project Manager to immediately meet the locals and take corrective action as per requirement of locals with standard specifications. The Asatt. Project Manager further issued the directions to the Contractor to address the highlighted issues immediately for finalization of SIA report.

- · Material dumped in the field of one Mr. Kulwant Singh has been removed to the satisfaction of the land owner. Contractor has been instructed not to dump/store anything in the fields.
- . Drain which one Mr. Kulwant Singh claimed was not constructed has now been constructed as per the technical requirements.
- . The route which people claimed has been blocked is not the case. Due to construction of culvert, approach to the route (Bandobasti rasta) was obstructed. The Pathway damaged during the construction has been restored now
- . B/R walls, has been constructed to the satisfaction of locals to avoid erosion.

Therefore as such it is requested that the information may kindly be communicated to the World Bank so that SIA report could be finalized.

Yours faithfully

r Ashok Khokhar) roject Manager (T) ERA, Jammu

Director (P&C), PMU, JTFRP for kind information
 Director Jammu, ERA, for kind information.
 APM (T) for information.

4. Social Expert ERA, Jammu for information and follow up.



Drain constructed behind the house of one Mr. Kulwant Singh



Access provided at two locations/ Pathway (300 years old restored)



Excavated Material removed from the site

